

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)



GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION

REGULATION

BOXING

PROFESSIONAL

JANUARY 2022 EDITION

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PREAMBLE

In these Regulations, the athlete, whether male or female, will be called “the Boxer” without distinction. Likewise for all other cases, whether Federation Delegate, Coach, Referee/Judge, Judge-Timekeeper, etc., that is, for any person involved in the development of Professional Boxing. Professional Boxing competitions require regular and complete training, with the necessary care to protect the health of the participants above any other objective or consideration. In these Regulations, the Professional Boxing Committee will henceforth be referred to by the acronym CBP and the **GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION** by the acronym **GBF**.

MANDATORY HEALTH INSURANCE

All Boxers, at the time their License is issued, must be subject to the current regulations and coverage of the Sports Medical Insurance Agencies.

CHAPTER I: GENERAL REGULATIONS

GENERAL RULES

EVENINGS

Evenings (whether morning, evening or night) are called events of a sporting nature where Boxing is competed and practiced. Every Evening must be composed of at least four boxing matches, which may be either male or female. All the evenings in which Professional Boxers take part will adhere to the rules of these Professional Boxing Regulations, to the provisions that emanate from GBF, to the decisions of the Federative Delegate, without contravening the same, who will always be responsible for complying with and doing comply with this Regulation. The EVENINGS of Professional BOXING (NATIONAL - INTERNATIONAL TITLES), must have the approval of the GBF where they take place and be authorized by the GBF in accordance with current regulations.

The National Professional Boxing Delegations will send the complete program and the Authorization request to GBF CENTRAL with sufficient advance notice. In all Events involving national or foreign Boxers competing for an International Title, the Authorization request must be in the hands of the GBF, at least fifteen (15) days in advance, to obtain the necessary documentation and permits.

Without meeting this requirement, no National or International competition will be authorized. This same rule will apply when national or foreign fighters with a national license compete for a Title abroad. During the execution of the National

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

Anthems, prior to a Championship, both the Boxers and their Trainers and Assistants, as well as the Referees, Judges and Federations will maintain a respectful and silent posture until the end of them. No Boxing match will be authorized, whose Match Contracts are not in the possession of the GBF, as a deadline in the act of Weigh-in, the corresponding Delegate being responsible for non-compliance with this rule. The National Delegations of each country will send a copy to the GBF along with the Results Report and other documentation. Exhibition evenings and public training sessions between Professional Boxers may only be held with the express consent in each case of the PROFESSIONAL BOXING COMMITTEE (CBP) of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION GBF, when singular reasons for charitable sports promotion so advise, and the Acting parties are affiliated with a Sports Insurance Agency or similar entities. The GBF only assumes the sporting responsibility that emanates from its Statutes and Regulations. and the actors are affiliated with a Sports Insurance Agency or similar entities. The GBF only assumes the sporting responsibility that emanates from its Statutes and Regulations. and the actors are affiliated with a Sports Insurance Agency or similar entities. The GBF only assumes the sporting responsibility that emanates from its Statutes and Regulations.

The GBF does not assume any civil, criminal or procedural liability for extra-sports incidents or accidents that its members may incur. All Professional Boxers must be affiliated with the GBF.

For Official National and International Competitions. In order to practice Boxing, it is necessary to be affiliated with a sports insurance entity.

Article 1 RING FOR PROFESSIONAL BOXING MATCHES.

A. REQUIRED CONDITIONS: In all matches, the ring must meet the following conditions and dimensions:

1. DIMENSIONS

It will be a square structure with a minimum size of 5.00 x 5.00 meters. and 6.10 x 6.10 meters maximum. These measurements will be taken inside the quadrilateral formed by the ropes.

For international matches, the ring will have a side of 6.10 meters. The surface of the canvas floor on which the fighters fight will not be located less than 0.91 meters. nor more than 1.20 meters. with respect to the firm floor of the premises

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

2. PLATFORM AND PROTECTION IN THE CORNERS

The platform must be solidly built, well leveled, without irregularities on its surface and must have a minimum margin of 0.50 meters. between the vertical of the ropes and the edge of the ring.

It will be equipped at each of the corners of the ring with four posts lined or constructed in such a way that the Boxers cannot hurt themselves against them. The interior area of the angle formed by the ropes in each corner will be protected with a narrow vertical mat that simultaneously covers the angles formed by the four ropes, preventing competitors from hitting each other with their tensioning mechanisms.

Two of them will be one red and one blue (each of the Boxers' corners) and the other two white (neutral corners).

The corner protections will be placed as follows: blue in the left corner closest to the Federative Officials Table; white in the far left corner of it; red in the farthest right corner of it and white in the closest right corner.

Therefore, the Officials Table, located on one side of the ring, will have a blue corner to its left and a white corner to its right.

3. FLOOR COVERING

The floor must be covered with felt, rubber or other suitable, approved substance, with the same quality of elasticity, with a thickness of 1.3 cm. at least and 1.9 cm. maximum and on top of which, a thick tarp firmly stretched will be placed.

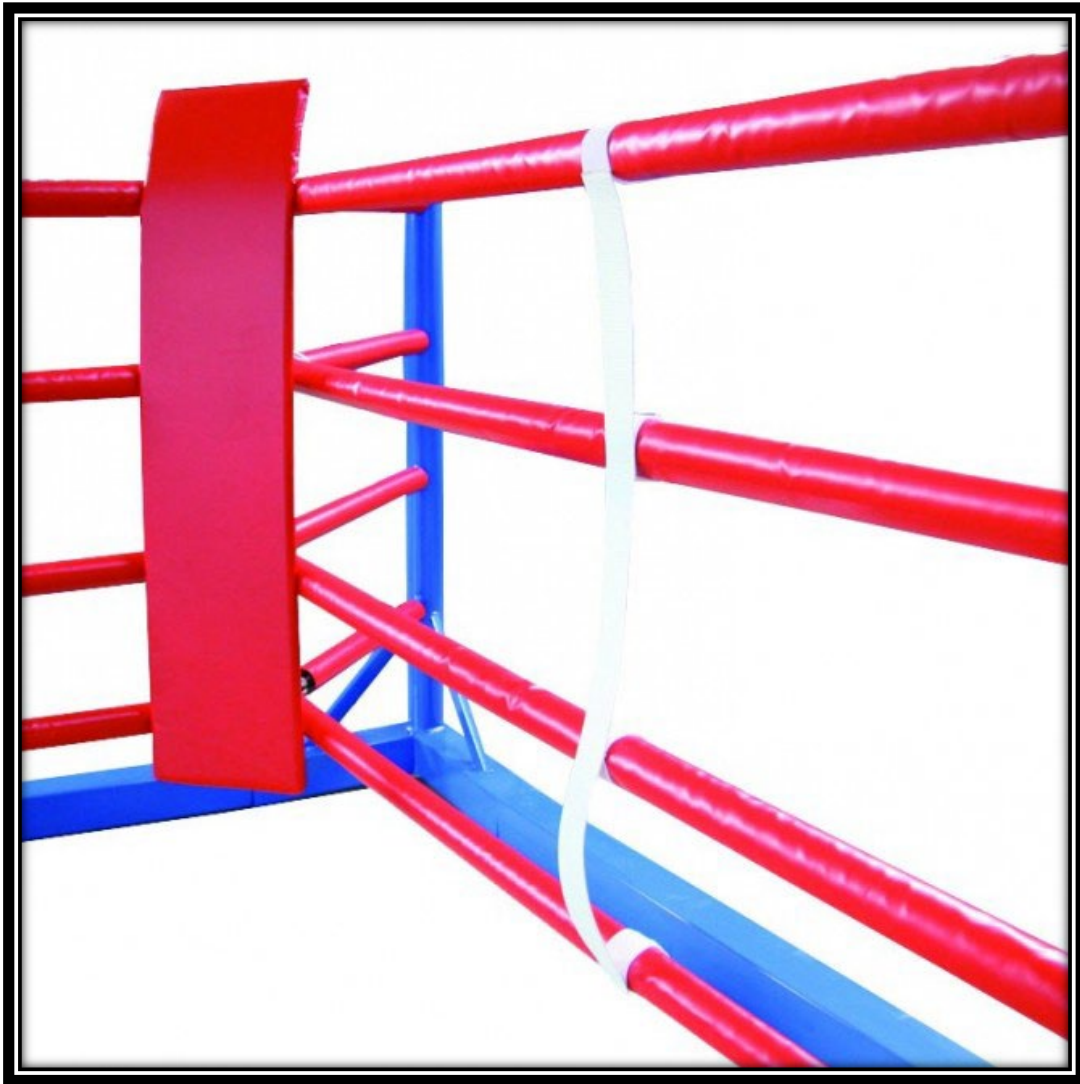
Felt, tatami, rubber or other approved substance, as well as canvas, must cover the entire surface of the platform.

4. ROPES

It will have four ropes, well stretched and taut, three cm long. at least in diameter and five (5) cm. At most, they must be at a height of 0.40/0.45 meters, 0.70/0.75 meters, 1.00/1.05 meters, 1.30/1.35 meters, respectively.

The ropes will be joined together on each side and at regular intervals with two 3 to 4 cm thin cloth or canvas ribbons. Wide. These fabric or canvas tapes should not slide along the rope.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)



5. STAIRS

The ring must have three ladders. Two stairs in the opposite red and blue corners for participants and Coaches, and another staircase in the neutral corner to the right of the Officials Table for Referees and Doctors.

6. PLASTIC BAGS

In the neutral corners and outside the string, a plastic bag will be tied, inside which the Referee will place cotton or gauze compresses that will be used to clean small hemorrhages. There must be another bag to store these dressings once they have been used.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

WHEN A WORLD OR INTERNATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIP IS HELD, THE RULES AND MEASURES OF THE ORGANIZATION WHOSE TITLE IS AT Stake MUST BE COMPLIED WITH

Article 2 RING ACCESSORIES

The ring must have the following equipment:

- a) Two shallow containers containing powdered resin
 - b) Two swivel seats or stools for the use of the Boxers
 - c) Two plastic water bottles (at least), sealed if possible, several disposable plastic cups for drinking and rinsing your mouth. Other kinds of bottles or glasses will not be tolerated near the ring, to be used by the Boxers or trainers. Two spray bottles. In both corners there must be funnels connected to a flexible tube with a drain to a tank under the ring or, failing that, two basins with sawdust and two buckets with water.
 - d) Tables with their corresponding chairs for Officials, Judges and Doctors
 - e) A gong (with hammer), a bell, or an electronic-acoustic system that signals rounds and breaks
 - f) One or preferably two stopwatches
 - g) A microphone that can be wireless or connected to a public address system that is audible throughout the premises.
 - h) Accident forms from the sports insurance entity similar to the one to which the Boxers were affiliated
 - i) A first aid kit. A stretcher that will be placed under the ring
 - j) Three stairs, two for access by the Boxers, and the third for the use of the Referee and the Ring Doctor
 - k) Two small plastic bags, which will be installed in the neutral corners
- l) The Evening cannot begin without the presence in the premises of:

- One or two Doctors depending on the category of the evening.
- An ambulance.
- Stretcher located under the ring.

In the "Technical Zone", that is, behind the Federation Tables, a certain number of seats will be located, which cannot be less than six, to be occupied by the people who represent the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION at said event (GBF).

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

Article 3 GLOVES

They will be provided by the Promoter and must be presented to the Delegate.

The weight of the gloves will be 227 grams 8 ounces each, from the Minimum weights (47,627 Kgs.) to the Super Welterweights, included (69,853 Kgs.). And 284 grams 10 ounces each, from Medium (72,574 Kgs.) to Heavy, included (+ 86,182 Kgs.).

Gloves must be those approved by the GBF. They will be of the type tied with ribbons on the wrists, and will have the thumbs fastened or glued. In order to prevent the loops of the glove straps from coming undone, once they are properly knotted, the tie will be sealed with cloth adhesive tape (tape) surrounding the entire wrist, reaching the edge of the glove and covering it. .
Boxers will not be able to use their own gloves

Article 4 HAND BANDAGES

The bandages will be provided by the organizer and will be the same for both Boxers. They will be completely dry at the time of dressing, and it is prohibited to put drying or other powders. The bandages will be made up of:

- a) Soft bandages (gauze) 5 meters long and 5 cm. wide, for each hand.
- b) Adhesive fabric (cloth tape) 5 meters long and 2.5 cm. wide, in each hand; It will be applied smooth, and should not cover the knuckles of the Boxer, who will have the striking front only covered by gauze, allowing a strip of tape in the interdigital space, so that the bandage remains secure. These measurements will be for all weights, except for Medium, Super-Medium, Cruiser and Heavy, which may use a reasonably larger amount of gauze for each hand.

This regulation will be applied in Professional fights and supervised by the Delegate and/or the main Referee, who will seal or sign the bandages. In all fights the bandages will be those sold sealed. Therefore, the use of any hard fabric, such as insulating tape or rough paper, metallized or plastic, or other similar products, is prohibited. At the request of the Managers and Trainers, with both parties agreeing, the bandage will be carried out with "free measurements", compulsorily complying with the regulatory form of application.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

(Knuckles only covered with gauze.)

A representative of the opposing Boxer may be present at the time of the bandaging. In Continental, World or other International Championships, the regulatory measures specified in their respective regulations will be followed.

ONCE THE BANDAGES HAVE BEEN REVIEWED BY THE DELEGATE AND/OR REFEREE DESIGNATED BY THEM, THEY MUST PUT ON THE GLOVES IN THEIR PRESENCE BEFORE GOING OUT TO THE RING (IN THE LOCKER ROOM OR APPROPRIATE ROOM) WHO WILL SIGN OR SEAL THE TAPE SEALS THAT SURROUND THE WRISTS OF THE GUESTS. THEMSELVES.

The Referee is authorized if he suspects that the Boxer who goes out to the ring with gloves on has modified his bandages or the signed seals, to have him remove the gloves to double check the bandages, and if they were modified, they will be corrected so that they are in regulation. The Referee who takes these measures to verify the bandages in the ring will always do so on the two Boxers and with the supervision of the Federative Delegate. The offending Boxer or Boxers will have 25% deducted from their purses and the fight will take place. The aforementioned contingency must be reflected in the Results Report, informing the Faults and Sanctions Committee of the fact for any subsequent responsibilities that may arise.

Article 5 PRESENTATION IN THE RING AND CLOTHING

A. SHORTS

Its lower edges must not be higher than the middle of the thigh nor lower than the middle of the knee, adjusting to the waist and not higher than it. When the fight is for an Official Title, regardless of the Championship that is at stake, the Boxers' pants will be of different colors, with the Applicant being the one who must change pants if necessary.

In fights in which both Boxers are Challengers, the youngest Boxer will change pants.

B. SOCKS

They may wear socks normally used in sports.

C. LIGHT BOOTS

Without nails or reinforcements, like those traditionally used in this sport and which will always have the approval of the Referee and Federative Delegate. When tying the boots, the same system as the gloves will be applied, but when the boot is turned over, half of the hanging tie will be collected, which will be fixed in a way that will make it impossible to untie.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

Women will wear a t-shirt that may be short sleeved (nicky type) or with tight wide straps. Socks, pants and boots will be the same as men's.

D. PROTECTIONS OF PUGILS

- Cup.- For men, the use of a pelvic and lower abdomen protector (commonly called a cup) is mandatory, which must be of the integral type with an adjustable elastic band. Under no circumstances will the use of an independent cup-type shell (plastic or aluminum) or of the integral “training” type with hip protection be allowed. There is a model for combat between women that will be optional.
- Chest protector.- For women, the use of a well-adjusted chest protector and its size is mandatory. It will not be authorized to fight without said protection or in case it moves or is not well attached. It is allowed to be attached with adhesive tape or adhesive tape.
- Dental guard.- The use of dental guard is mandatory in all Professional Boxing competitions. The dental guard will conform to the shape of your jaw. A Boxer is prohibited from intentionally removing his protector during the fight; If he does so, he will receive a warning and if repeated, he may be disqualified. If a Boxer loses his protector due to a blow, the Referee will escort the Boxer to his corner, and have the protector washed and replaced correctly.

To do this, he will take advantage of a favorable moment that does not interrupt the combat action. During this time, the “Helper” (Coach) will not be able to speak to the Boxer.

E. PROHIBITED OBJECTS

No object may be brought during the competition. The use of grease, Vaseline, ointments or other products that may be harmful or unpleasant to the opponent on the face, arms or any other part of the body is prohibited.

Vaseline should only be applied in a moderate amount on the eyebrows, cheekbones and chin. The Boxer must be shaved, the beard is prohibited.

A thin mustache may be permitted, but it must not exceed the length of the upper lip, nor may long hair be worn that could cover vision or disturb the opponent. They may not use clips or hairpins to hold their hair. Hair may be held in place with hairnets, elastic bands, or any other type of tape.

For both sexes, the use of earrings or piercings (safety pins or other metal objects that pierce the skin) is prohibited during the competition.

F. FAULTS IN CLOTHING

A Referee will exclude a Boxer from the bout if he is not wearing the protective shell if he is male or the chest protector if he is female, and the dental protector in both cases, or if he is not clean and properly dressed. In fights between women, they may use appropriate shells, although it is not mandatory.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

When one of the gloves, chest protector or clothing becomes loose during the bout, the Referee will stop the actions to allow it to be fixed properly.

TWO MOUTH GUARDS ARE ADVISABLE EXTENT.

Article 6 WEIGHTS AND WEIGHINGS.

The denomination of the weight in which each boxer will be framed will be the one delimited between the maximum of the lower category and the maximum of the corresponding one, except the Minimum or Straw and the Heavy which will not have a lower or upper limit respectively. The weights admitted and recognized by the GBF are the following:

MALE WEIGHTS CATEGORY

CATEGORIES WEIGHT	LIMIT KG.	LIMIT LBS.	TOLERANCES ADMITTED
MINIFLY WEIGHT	47.63	105	2KG
LIGHT FLY WEIGHT	48.99	108	2KG
FLY WEIGHT	50.80	112	2KG
SUPER FLY WEIGHT	52.16	115	2KG
BANTAM WEIGHT	53.42	118	2KG
SUPER BANTAM WEIGHT	55.34	122	2KG
FEATHER WEIGHT	57.15	126	3KG
SUPER FEATHER WEIGHT	58.97	130	3KG
LIGHT WEIGHT	61.23	135	3KG
SUPER LIGHT WEIGHT	63.50	140	3.5KG
WELTER WEIGHT	66.68	147	3.5KG
SUPER WELTER WEIGHT	69.85	154	3.5KG
MIDDLE WEIGHT	72.58	160	4KG
SUPER MIDDLE WEIGHT	76.20	168	4KG
LIGHT HEAVY WEIGHT	79.38	175	4KG
CRUISER WEIGHT	86.18	190	4KG
HEAVY WEIGHT	-91KG	200	UNLIMITED
SUPER HEAVY WEIGHT	+91 KG	200	UNLIMITED

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

FEMALE WEIGHTS CATEGORY

CATEGORIES WEIGHT	LIMIT KG.	LIMIT LBS.	TOLERANCES ADMITTED
MINIFLY WEIGHT	47,627	105	2KG
LIGHT FLY WEIGHT	48,988	108	2KG
FLY WEIGHT	50,802	112	2KG
SUPER FLY WEIGHT	52,163	115	2KG
BANTAM WEIGHT	53,525	118	2KG
SUPER BANTAM WEIGHT	55,338	122	2KG
FEATHER WEIGHT	57,152	126	3KG
SUPER FEATHER WEIGHT	58,967	130	3KG
LIGHT WEIGHT	61,237	135	3KG
SUPER LIGHT WEIGHT	63,503	140	3.5KG
WELTER WEIGHT	66,678	147	3.5KG
SUPER WELTER WEIGHT	69,853	154	3.5KG
MIDDLE WEIGHT	76,205	168	4KG
LIGHT HEAVY WEIGHT	79,378	175	4KG
HEAVY WEIGHT	+79,378 KG	+175	UNLIMITED

Article 7 WEIGHING.

It is the obligation of the Delegate and the Main Referee to verify the accuracy of the scale and control the weighing operations. The weight recorded on the scale will be expressed in units of the DECIMAL METRIC SYSTEM.

Only small electronic or medical scales, pharmacy type or industrial platform scales, up to 200-250 kg, will be permitted due to their smaller margin of error.

In no case will mechanical bathroom type floor ones be admitted. The weight is what the scale indicates with the naked Boxer on it. At the Weigh-in of women Boxers, a minimum of underwear will be allowed.

When the Weighing is carried out at the federation premises, they will be required to present the scale to carry out the Weighing; If this is carried out anywhere else, it will be the promoter who must provide it.

The Federation hosting said meeting will be responsible for ensuring that the scale is installed at the place and time at which the Weighing takes place. The corresponding Minutes will be drawn up from the Weigh-in, which will be sent to the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION, together with the Results. They will sign the Minutes:

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

That of the Weigh-In, the Delegate, the Main Referee, the participating Boxers and their Coaches. The Results, the Delegate and the Main Referee, with the seal of the GBF.

The Promoter may freely choose the place and time where he wishes to carry out the Weigh-in, but will have the obligation and responsibility to notify the GBF at least 24 hours in advance of said Weigh-in. The expenses incurred in transporting the scale will be borne by said Promoter.

The weigh-in must be held 24 hours and 12 hours before the start of the fights. The Delegate's watch will attest to the first Weigh-in and the second, if applicable. One hour after the start of the event with the first of the fighters participating in the meeting, the Delegate may declare, if he so deems, the Weigh-In event closed.

In unofficial bouts (when a Title or Elimination is not disputed), if due to force majeure and provided that this is so considered in the opinion of the Delegate for the evening, a Boxer is not present at the time set for the match. Weigh-in, a final and definitive weigh-in will be carried out two hours before the competition, for this Boxer.

This last weighing may be carried out in the place considered by the Delegate. When one of the fighters exceeds the agreed weight limit for an unofficial bout, his adversary may refuse the bout if nothing else has been provided in the Contract. The parties may reach an agreement, which will be communicated in writing to the Delegate, who may authorize or deny the holding of the combat. The fighter who legitimately refuses, due to overcoming the weight of the adversary, to sustain the fight, has the right to receive 10% of the agreed purse, in addition to travel and accommodation expenses.

When an indemnity for excess weight ("forfait") is provided for in the Contract, the fighter who exceeds what is established, must pay the agreed amount to his adversary at the time of receiving his bag. This compensation of the Boxer that exceeds the weight may in no case be greater than 25% of the purse contracted by him. If both exceed the established weight, there is no obligation for compensation, and the fight cannot be refused. The Boxer who becomes overweight in a way that prevents the fight from taking place has no right to receive any amount. And if the overweight exceeds the maximum established tolerance, he must compensate, together with his Manager, with 25% of the pool that they had agreed upon contractually; In this case, both members will be subject to disciplinary sanction by the corresponding Sports Disciplinary Committee.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

If these events are repeated by the same boxer 2 times in a row, the maximum monetary sanctions will be applied. The fights arranged in free weights must be contested with special permission from the corresponding federative authority, but this will never allow a difference between the minimum and maximum weight of:

- ◆ 2 kg. Up to SUPERGALLO weight (included)
- ◆ 3 Kg. From FEATHER weight to LIGHT weight (included)
- ◆ 3.5 Kg. From SUPER LIGHT weight to SUPER WELTER weight (included)
- ◆ 4 Kg. From MEDIUM weight to CRUISER weight (included).

NON-PRESENTATION AT THE WEIGH-IN ACT due to forgetting or losing the Boxer's license and Travel Permit (if necessary) from the Autonomous Federation, will be punished with the loss of 5% of the Boxer's purse.

At the weigh-in, the participating Boxers will sign a declaration that they are in perfect health, free of any ailment or indisposition. Their respective Coaches will certify in said document that this statement has been made to them and their agreement with it. A medical examination will take place at the weigh-in, in which the Doctor will certify that the Boxers are in perfect condition to box. You must also indicate in the Weighing Record your name, surname, Membership and license number.

SPECIFIC FOR NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIPS, REGIONAL CHAMPIONSHIPS OR ELIMINATORIES.

When the fight is OFFICIAL (valid for the dispute of a National, Regional or Eliminatorial Championship), the Boxer who is not within the established limits of his weight, BOTH BY EXCESS, OR BY DEFECT, will be authorized to weigh himself a second time., within a maximum of one hour, after the official weighing. In the Weigh-ins for Regional or National Titles, the first to be weighed will be the Applicant and then the Champion. If both are Applicants, the youngest one will go on the scale first.

In the event that one of the two fighters does not make the regulatory weight, they will be given a period of one hour so that they can enter within the limit of their category. If in this second weighing the patient persists without giving the weight, the procedure to follow will be as follows:

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

If it is the Applicant who does not make the weight, he will not be able to aspire and has the obligation to fight 10 rounds, if it is a National Title or 8 rounds if it is a Regional Title, receiving only 50% of the stipulated purse.

- a) The Champion will receive 75% of the purse stipulated in his contract. Regardless of the result of the match, the Champion will continue to hold his Title.
- b) If it is the Champion who does not make the weight, he loses the Title on the scale and has to fight 10 rounds if it is for a National or International Title or 8 if it is for a Regional Title, receiving 75% of his purse. In this case, the Applicant will receive the stipulated bag. If the Applicant wins the match, he will be the new Champion, but if the winner is the Champion, the Title would remain vacant. In the event of a void fight, both due to score and “technical decision”, the fight would be repeated within a maximum period of 60 days, with both fighters considered Co-Aspirants.

In all cases, the Boxers are obliged to celebrate the match in accordance with the rules stipulated above. As long as the difference in weight between the two is within the established limits.

If both or one of them are denied, they will be sanctioned by one year of loss of license.

Article 8 ASSAULTS.

Rounds must be three minutes (for men), always separated by a one-minute rest interval. For combats between women, the duration of the rounds will be two minutes, with rest intervals also of one minute. During this break, the boxer will be assisted by his Trainer and Qualified Assistants, who must be in possession of the corresponding valid license. Ten seconds before the end of this interval, the Announcer will say “seconds out”, at which point the Helpers must leave the ring.

The Trainer will do so at the latest at the signal to start the match. At the signal given by the Judge-Timekeeper announcing the beginning of the round, the opponents must leave their corner immediately and begin to fight, ceasing at the signal announcing the end of the round, retreating to their corresponding corner.

NUMBER OF ROUNDS OF THE FIGHTERS FRAMED IN THE DIFFERENT CATEGORIES OR SERIES

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

FIRST SERIES:

- ◆ They will do a minimum of eight rounds, whether their opponent is First Series or Second Series
- ◆ They will do ten rounds, in the case of a National Championship
- ◆ They will do a maximum of 10 rounds if they face a First International Series
In the event of competing in a Continental, World or other International Championship, the provisions of the corresponding associations or organizations will apply.

SECOND SERIES:

- ◆ His first two fights will be six rounds, maximum
- ◆ Subsequently, they will be able to do six rounds with a Third Series opponent
- ◆ They will do eight rounds against opponents from the First or Second Series
In the case of a National Championship, they will do ten rounds.

THIRD SERIES:

- ◆ Their first two fights must be carried out at a distance of four rounds.
Subsequently, they will fight six rounds with an opponent from the Third or Second Series.
- ◆ Exceptionally, and with the authorization of the GBF, once the history of the adversary has been examined, they may fight eight rounds against a Second Series opponent. The number of assaults may be modified if international organizations modify it or if very special circumstances so advise.

NOTE. - MIXED FIGHTS BETWEEN MEN AND WOMEN ARE PROHIBITED. FIGHTS BETWEEN PROFESSIONAL BOXERS AND AMATEUR BOXERS ARE ALSO PROHIBITED.

In the PROFESSIONAL MASTER Category (46 years and older) the number of rounds will be:

- UNTITLED fights in play (3 X3) X1 Rest
- **NATIONAL TITLE**(4X3) X1 rest
- **CONTINENTAL TITLE**(5x3) x1 rest
- **WORLD TITLE**(6x3) x1 rest

CHAPTER II SPORTS REGULATIONS

Article 9 FEDERAL OFFICERS.

Every Boxing EVENING will be directed, supervised and controlled by two federative tables composed of the following:

FIRST TABLE. - Located on the side of the ring

- a) Federation Delegate
- b) Announcer
- c) Judge-Timekeeper

SECOND TABLE. - Located next to the neutral corner of the ring closest to the previous table.

a) Doctor with the corresponding sports license. b) Installation doctor, who will be borne by the Promoter. In the NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIPS, the Delegate will be appointed by the Professional Boxing Committee. The members of the Federative Boards may not serve as Referees, Judges, Coaches or Assistants, and during their functions as Ring Officials, they will not smoke or drink alcoholic beverages.

A.- FEDERAL DELEGATE

The Delegate designated by the GBF, for a boxing EVENING, is the sole and highest sporting authority in it, exercising this in a total way, giving the orders and making the decisions that under his discretion and responsibility he considers appropriate to make. He will not have jurisdiction in technical decisions during the course of the EVENING.

YOUR MISSIONS ARE AS FOLLOWS:

AT THE ACT OF WEIGHING:

- 1.- It will ensure that this is carried out in the space between twenty-four (24) and twelve (12) hours before the time set for the start of the boxing EVENING.
- 2.- Mandatorily must be present at the weigh-in, where it will be carried out personally and in the presence of the Referee.
- 3.- For a very justified reason, the Main Referee may be substituted during the Official Weighing, but the responsibility for its development will not be subsidiary.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

- 4.- He will draw up the weigh-in certificate that he must send to the GBF
- 5.- He will personally control and in the presence of the Main Referee all the regulatory documentation, such as Contracts, licenses for fighters, Trainers, Referees/Judges and Judge-Timekeeper, Travel Permits and the individual identification of each participant. Likewise, if the government permit has been issued
- 6.- If, due to force majeure, the Delegate cannot attend the Weigh-in event or the Championship or Elimination match on time, he or she will be replaced as such by the Referee who will assume all responsibility.

BEFORE THE EVENING:

- 1.- It will verify that all the regulatory provisions have been taken into account for the organization of the Meeting
- 2.- It will be ensured that all people who have a mission to fulfill during the meeting are trained and properly documented to carry it out.
- 3.- Verify the licenses and individual identity documents of the summoned Boxers
- 4.- It will be ensured that all Boxers have complied with their obligation to attend a medical visit during the weigh-in and that the Doctor has recorded his opinion for each Boxer in the Minutes.
- 5.- It will verify in detail the ring and that the Federative and Medical Tables, as well as the places assigned to the Judges, meet the requirements and conditions indicated in the Regulations.
- 6.- Will direct compliance with the established program
- 7.- You will check the gloves and ensure that there are two reserve pairs of each weight available to use during the EVENING.

DURING THE EVENING:

- 1.- He will review the designation of the Judges in the presence of the Referee for each of the fights
- 2.- He will attend the Officials' tables in all the fights and will draw up the Minutes of the EVENING, which he will sign jointly with the Referee
- 3.- Will ensure the proper development of the EVENING, taking any provision or regulatory measure imposed by the circumstances.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

- 4.- It will verify the announcements that the Announcer must make to the public
- 5.- He will have the Announcer announce the public warnings (warnings) given by the Referee
- 6.- It will approve the arbitration decisions (results of the fights) in the licenses, as well as in the Travel Permits and will fully complete the Results Record
- 7.- He will not leave his position on the federative board at any time and if he momentarily has to do so, he will appoint a substitute
- 8.- He will act in contact and mutual dependence with the Referee and Judges and in the minute of rest he may transmit non-technical observations to the Referee Director of the fight.
- 9.- In the event of disqualification or suspension of a boxer, the Delegate will be responsible for knowing this decision, as well as its causes by the Referee, and transmitting them to the announcer for public knowledge.
- 10.- Will be responsible for the correct and complete drafting of the Minutes of the weigh-in and the meeting (Results Minutes). In the first of them the exact weight of the fighters and the Medical Examination will be recorded and in the second, in addition to the identifying data, the results of all the fights will be recorded, as well as any incidents worth noting. These minutes must be sent to the GBF.

The following must be signed: The Weighing and Recognition Record, by the Doctor and the Delegate. The Results Report, by the Main Referee, by all Ring Officials and by the Delegate.

- 11.- The Federation Delegate is the only person who CAN ORDER THE WITHHOLDING OF THE BAG, of one or both participants. For this purpose, he will issue a written document that will be delivered to those affected. The corresponding Professional Boxing Committee will be notified of this decision, so that, after the appropriate file, it can inform its Disciplinary Committee and confirm or deny the retention proposed by the Delegate of the EVENING.
- 12.- The Referee must explain very clearly the causes of the disqualification when making this decision, in case it were a reason for financial sanctions to one or both of the disqualified boxers.

AFTER THE EVENING:

- 1.- Complete the Minutes in its entirety, with the data and signatures indicated above.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

2.- Fill in the missing data on the licenses, all its sections, Travel Permits for foreigners, etc. That is, everything that during the EVENING has not been carried out for any reason.

SPECIFIC FOR NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIPS

IN ADDITION TO THE MISSIONS OF THE DELEGATE REVIEWED ABOVE:

1.- In the Official Fights of National Championships or Qualifiers, the existence of the REGULATORY GLOVES, as well as the corresponding seal on these gloves, which must be new, will be checked at the same time as the Weigh-In.

Also the existence of a spare set (2 pairs) so that, if during the Qualifier or Championship any of them deteriorate, the four gloves can be changed and if they deteriorate again, only the damaged one would be changed. by one of those previously replaced

2.- You must know and apply the Regulations in all cases that may arise when the Champion or the Applicant does not give the weight corresponding to their category.

B.- DOCTORS

1.- There must be two Doctors in every EVENING, at least one of them with a federal license and, if possible, a specialist in Sports Medicine, and the event cannot begin without the presence of the Federal Doctor.

2.- He must provide his assistance and give his opinion when required by the Referee on the condition of the Boxers. He may also notify the Referee of any anomaly that he may observe in any Boxer and together with the Referee he will agree to stop the fight if necessary. To do this, they must communicate their decision to the Federative Table, ringing the bell with several short and consecutive touches.

In this case the result of the fight will be "TKO by Medical Intervention"

3.- There will be a first aid kit and an ambulance to be able to carry out the first treatments and emergency care, and there will be a stretcher under the ring, which will be placed well in advance of the start of the Meeting. Without the presence of an ambulance it will not be possible to begin.

4.- You will have the inexcusable obligation to check after the fights and before leaving the venue, that all participants are in a satisfactory condition.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

He will carry out the necessary treatments or sutures and will issue the appropriate form for admission or care in the Medical Center for any injured person, accompanying him if necessary.

5.- The Medical Examination of each Boxer is mandatory before taking part in a Boxing EVENING. The corresponding Record (according to the model) will be drawn up from said Recognition and signed by the Doctor. The Results Report will always be accompanied by the Medical Examination and Weighing Report, as indicated above.

6.- In case of KO or TKO, the Doctor will examine immediately after the fight any Boxer who has lost before the limit for any of these reasons. In the event that loss of consciousness, temporal-spatial disorientation or any other symptom of neurological alteration has occurred, even if you have subsequently recovered, you will MANDATORY proceed to immediate hospitalization (completing for this purpose the corresponding Accident Report from the insurance entity). in a period of preventive observation, subjecting him to the appropriate tests and personally taking care of all medical procedures until the moment of discharge.

7.- In the Medical Examinations, the following must be clearly indicated: Name, surname, membership number and federal license number of the Doctor.

8.- In the minute of rest, without a request from the Referee, but by notifying him, he may examine the boxer he considers to be in poor condition and, if necessary, he will recommend to the Referee the suspension of the fight. This result is also that of "KOT by Medical Intervention"

This doctor will be in charge of sending the injured person to the specialist he needs.

SPECIFIC FOR NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIPS

In the event of a dispute over Titles or Qualifiers, the Medical Examination will be more thorough, given that the performance and physical demands are usually tougher, as the number of rounds is greater and a more accentuated effort to win the Championship or defend it.

C.- ANNOUNCER Must be in possession of the current federation license.

1.- In the dispute of any Title, you must use the official language of the COUNTRY both in presentations and in all your announcements to the public.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

2.- Before a fight, the Boxers will be presented, indicating their names, history, weight and category. Likewise the name of the Referee, Judges and Coaches

3.- He will announce the beginning of each round specifying its number

4.- In the minute of rest and when there are ten seconds left before the start of the new round, the "seconds out" will be announced, and all auxiliaries must leave the ring.

5.- During said rest period, he will inform the public, at the request of the Delegate, of the possible warnings given in the previous assault, if he had not been able to inform during the course of the same.

6.- At the end of the fight, the result of the fight will be made public in accordance with the notification received from the Delegate, indicating the score of each Judge when the fight ends with the decision of a winner by points or a null fight.

7.- He also sits at the Federative Table located on the side of the ring and will be at the direct and immediate instructions of the Delegate. It must transmit to the public, concisely and clearly, the observations that the Delegate deems appropriate.

8.- Will be the spokesman for the indications of the Judge-Timekeeper. He will use at all times a language of clean and correct expressions.

Article 10 REFEREES AND JUDGES

A.- REFEREE

In each competition, the Main Referee will be appointed in accordance with the rules and requirements that are dictated by the corresponding Committee of Referees/Judges.

The Referee or Combat Director will exercise his functions solely and exclusively within the ring, where he represents the highest authority. The Referee will be dressed in long black pants, a white shirt, a ROYAL BLUE bow tie, the kind used for a bow tie, and light shoes, boots, or sports shoes without heels or nails.

You will not wear rings or barrettes, watches, earrings, piercings or any other object or ornament that may constitute danger. The shirt can be long or short sleeved, it will have the shield approved by the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION on the front left side of the shirt as well as on the back in large size.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)



In matches for National and International Championships, as well as in the Qualifiers for said Championships, a Referee/Judge and a minimum of three Judges will be appointed. Before starting the competition, the Main Referee will require from the VELADA Federative Delegate the licenses and documentation proving that all participants (including foreigners) are in possession of the corresponding federative license. The Referee or Combat Director will examine, if he deems it appropriate, the Boxers' hands before and after bandaging.

The Referee will carry out, in collaboration with the Delegate, the corresponding inspection or surveillance of the bandages on the participating boxers, which will be sealed to confirm that said bandages have been carried out in accordance with the provisions of the Regulations.

The Referee may examine the boxers' bandages, being accompanied by the Federation Delegate or by a Coach representing the opposing boxer. Before starting the match, the Referee or Match Director will proceed to the following:

- a) Control that the clothing of the boxers, Trainers and Coach Assistants conforms to the regulatory standards.
- c) Identify the Main Coach, who will be the only one responsible for making the appropriate decisions regarding his pupil (abandonment, warning of possible wounds or injuries, etc.), being also the only one authorized to enter the team, during the breaks between assaults, to attend to his fighter.
- d) The Referee or the Official he designates may, if he deems it necessary, control the application of the bandages and the placement of gloves and their sealing, if this has been done before entering the ring. In

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

Championship matches, this control is mandatory, and you must be accompanied by the Federation Delegate or representative of the opposing boxer.

YOUR MISSION WILL CONSIST OF:

- 1.- Check the Boxers' clothing, gloves, Vaseline on the face, that they do not wear a beard, earrings, piercings, glasses, contact lenses, loose hair and the use of genital ("coquilla"), pectoral protectors (for women) and mouthguard in both cases
- 2.- Ensure that the fight is developed with sportsmanship, cleanliness and that the Regulations are strictly applied, maintaining control of the fight in all its aspects
- 3.- Prevent the inferior Boxer from receiving excessive or unnecessary punishment
- 4.- At the end of the round or combat, he will collect and examine the Judges' score cards and, after verifying them, he will deliver them to the Delegate or, in his absence, to the Official who performs his duties.
- 5.- He will not indicate who the winner is until the result is officially and publicly announced: Then the winner's hand will be raised (or both if the decision is a no contest)
- 6.- When you disqualify a Boxer or suspend a fight, you will first inform the Delegate, indicating which boxer and for what reason you disqualified or the causes that led to the suspension of a fight. He will then also inform the Judges. Only the Delegate will be the one who gives the report to the Announcer so that he can communicate the decision to the public
- 7.- You will only use the following three (3) voices:
 - "BOX"! (fight!), instructing them to start or continue the fight
 - "BREAK"! (separate!), ending a situation of subjection of a fighter to his rival or mutual (clinch); At this command, each Boxer will step back, immediately resuming the combat action, without the need for any new order.
 - "STOP"! (stop!), ordering the Boxers to stop.

The voice of STOP! will lead to the stopwatch only when so indicated by the Referee to the Federation Table. For the fight to resume, you must give the voice of BOX!

8.- The Referee will indicate to a Boxer, by means of signs, any infraction of the Rules.

THE REFEREE IS AUTHORIZED TO:

- 1.- End a fight at any time, if you consider that there is a very marked inequality between the two fighters
- 2.- End a fight at any time, if one of the Boxers is injured and, in his opinion, cannot continue fighting

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

- 3.- Suspend a fight at any time, if you consider that the opponents are not fighting with due effort to obtain victory. In that case you may disqualify one or both contestants.
- 4.- Enforce compliance with the rules by reprimanding or warning a contestant or without suspending the combat action (private warning), suspending the action in a fight and publicly admonishing a Boxer who has committed a foul or who does not fight with the due cleaning
- 5.- Disqualify a Boxer who does not immediately obey your orders
- 6.- Disqualify a Coach who violates the Regulations, and if necessary, the Boxer himself
- 7.- Disqualify, with or without prior notice, a Boxer who commits a foul
- 8.- Suspend the count of a knock-down if the standing Boxer does not retreat to a neutral corner or takes a long time to do so.
- 9.- Interpret the Regulations that may apply or are related to the combat that is being held or decide and take action in any circumstance of the combat that is not specified in the Regulations
- 10.- Do not allow more than three (3) Coaches-Assistants in each corner and that all of them are in possession of their corresponding updated federation licenses, as well as properly dressed.
- 11.- With or without notice to the public, the Referee may declare the fight "No Contest" (FIGHT WITHOUT DECISION), if he considers that the public is acting in a manner detrimental to the proper development of the fight.
- 12.- In the case of a fallen Boxer, the Referee or Combat Director will immediately start the count; He will do it out loud from one to ten if he is on the platform or up to twenty if the fall is off the platform, at a rate of one per second and in such a way that it can be heard by the fallen Boxer, at a counting rate that The Judge-Timekeeper will indicate this by hitting the ring mat, audibly by the Referee. When one counts, one second must have elapsed from the moment the Boxer is considered down.

PROTECTION ACCOUNTS WILL NOT BE GIVEN WITH THE BOXER STANDING, unless the fall has been prevented by the ropes. In this case, the count will be eight. In the case of interrupting the fight because one of the Boxers has received forceful punishment even though he has not fallen, the immediate stoppage of the fight will proceed, decreeing his loss by KOT.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

The count for the fallen Boxer will implicitly include a discount of ONE POINT to the counted Boxer. If a Judge considers said account made by the Referee to be erroneous, he will not be obliged to deduct said point.

If by mistake, while a boxer is down and being counted by the Referee, the bell rings at the end of an round, excluding the last one, THE count WILL NOT BE INTERRUPTED. If the Boxer is still fallen on the canvas after the count of ten or twenty depending on whether he is on or under the platform, he is declared OUT OF COMBAT (KO). But if the boxer considers and indicates to the Referee that he is fit to continue boxing, having rung the bell, he must go to his corner and the number of seconds that have been used in excess will be deducted from the rest of the minute of rest.

If a Boxer falls through the ring ropes, outside the ring platform, as a result of a lawful blow, he/she will not be able to be helped by any person to return to the ring and, in these cases, the count will be twenty seconds in place of ten. If the Boxer cannot return to the ring within twenty seconds, the Referee will declare him LOSER BY KO

If they both fall out of the ring, and do not return before the twenty-second count, the bout will be declared a TECHNICAL NO TEST (NT) if it took place in the first four rounds and NO CONTEST (NC) if it took place after the beginning of the fifth round. .

It is expressly understood that a match or combat cannot be stopped by a low blow, since the protector that both Boxers must wear is considered sufficient protection to withstand any low blow that could incapacitate either of the contestants.

However, the Referee may grant the boxer who has received the blow, in agreement with the Doctor, a few minutes of recovery that will never exceed five.

If any of the contestants throws themselves to the ground or in any other way indicates that they do not want to continue fighting, claiming that they have received a low blow, the Referee will consult with the Judges about the existence or not of the blow. If the blow was faked and if the complaining Boxer does not resume the fight, he will be declared LOSER BY DISQUALIFICATION

If the Referee found that the blow was intentional, depending on its severity or if there was repetition, he could disqualify the opposing Boxer. It will always be at the discretion of the Referee.

If a Boxer violates the Rules, but does not deserve to be disqualified for it, the Referee will stop the fight and caution the guilty party.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

Prior to the warning, the Referee will order the Boxers to stop. The warning will be clear so that the Boxer understands its reason and purpose. The Referee will make a hand signal to each Judge to indicate that he has issued a special warning and will clearly indicate which Boxer is cautioned and the reasons for the caution. In the same way and preferably he will inform the Delegate.

After the warning, the Referee will order them to continue fighting, with the voice "BOX"! If a Boxer receives three warnings in a fight, he will be disqualified.

But always keeping in mind that the three warnings are the maximum that a Referee will give to the same Boxer. If the offense is very serious, one or two warnings **COULD DISQUALIFY YOU**.

A Referee may reprimand a Boxer. A warning of this type will be advice or direction from the Referee to prevent a Boxer from acting improperly or committing minor infractions of the Rules.

To do this, it is not necessary to interrupt the fight; An opportune and safe moment during the round can be taken advantage of to warn the Boxer who violates the rules, after mimicking signs that indicate the warning.

This type of warning without reprimand can only be given to the same Boxer three times for the same non-serious offense. In the fourth he will be publicly admonished, penalizing him with the loss of one point, or two, depending on the severity or intention of the offense committed.

In the case of a public warning by the Referee, the Judges may act as follows:

Enter the following acronyms next to the points column on the card of the cautioned Boxer:

- W.- Indicates that the Combat Director Referee cautioned a fighter and the Judge agrees with the warning. He will deduct ONE POINT OR TWO from the cautioned boxer
- X.- Indicates that the Combat Director Referee cautioned a fighter and the Judge does not agree with the warning. **WILL NOT DISCOUNT ANY POINTS**
- J.- Indicates that the Judge cautioned a fighter or a Trainer for a foul that he has seen, without the need for the Referee to caution.

He will deduct ONE POINT from the cautioned boxer. If the warning went to the Coach, he will also deduct ONE POINT from the boxer he is guarding.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

If during a match the Referee suffers an accident or sudden illness that makes it impossible for him to continue exercising his function, he will be automatically replaced by the most senior Judge or the one who is acting as a substitute. The Referee and Judges will act in contact and dependence on the Delegate, so that at the time of any incident they can replace a partner, etc. IN THE EXERCISE OF ITS FUNCTIONS IT HAS TOTAL AUTONOMY. During rest periods they can receive observations from the Delegate, Judges and Ring Doctor.

In the "incidents" section of the Results Report, you will write, together with the Federative Delegate, any anomaly in the development of the competition. If in any circumstance, his criteria do not coincide with that of the Federative Delegate in the incidents or anomalies, he will draft an annex to the Results Record and will proceed to immediately send it to the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION with a copy to the corresponding Committee of Referees/Judges, reflecting faithfully what happened.

During the fight, the Referee will also have complete freedom in interpreting the Rules or setting other appropriate ones, in each case not provided for by these Regulations. In everything, they will be determined by their own Regulations.

Whenever a foreign Boxer takes part in the Boxing EVENING, the Referee will require the AUTHORIZATION OF THE GBF from the Federative Delegate for his performance, which will have previously verified that he is authorized by his country of origin. Without this authorization, he will not be able to take part in said evening.

APPOINTMENT OF ARBITRATORS

The Referees will be appointed by their own Committee and with the approval of their National Delegation. For International fights or with National Titles, the National Committee will always designate the Referees and Judges with the approval of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION.

THE FOLLOWING MAY BE DESIGNATED FOR EACH BATTLE:

- A single Referee/Judge
- One Referee/Judge assisted by two Judges
- One Referee/Judge (Combat Director) who does not score and three Judges.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

In fights for National Championships or Qualifiers for them, a Director Referee and three Judges, all of them with a minimum national category, will be appointed by the National Committee of Referees/Judges with the approval of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION.

In the event that for any reason of force majeure, any of the four designated do not arrive in time to act on the assigned mission, the following will be done:

1- If the absentee is the Director Referee, his replacement by the Federative Delegate will be drawn among the three neutral Judges, to direct the Championship, with the substitute acting as Judge, who must be a Referee from the same town where the Championship is held. with national category at least

2.- If the one who does not arrive on time is one of the neutral Judges, he or she may be replaced by a local Referee with at least National category.

3.- In the event that there is no Referee in the locality who holds said category, the substitute Judge or, where appropriate, the Combat Director, would act at the same time as Combat Director and as Judge.

B.- JUDGES

They will independently judge the merits of each Boxer and decide the winner, if any, in accordance with the Rules.

1.- During the fight, the Judge may not speak with the Referee or with the other Judges or with any Boxer. Only when necessary and when
At the end of an round, you may indicate to the Referee any incident or anomaly that may have gone unnoticed.

2.- He will write down on his card the score of each round independently considered, adding the partial figures, and at the end of the fight, the totals, which will give the final result.

3.- At the beginning of each round, ten points will be agreed for each of them. No fractional points will be given. At the end of each round, the best Boxer (the most skilled) will receive ten points and his opponent, proportionally less. In case of equality, each fighter will receive TEN points

4.- Points will be awarded for attacks with clean and correctly applied blows with the knuckle part of the glove of each hand to the opponent, on any part of the forehead or on the sides of the head or body above the waist (being waist an imaginary line through the body above the hip bones or iliac bones).

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

For defense, maintaining guard or retreating. When the round is even, the majority of the points will be given to the Boxer who shows the best "Style", "Skill" and "Efficiency", as well as best attack and defense movements.

5.- The actual scoring of the points will be given immediately after the combat and in indelible ink on the score cards. No deletions or additions will be made to all or any point.

In his functions as Judge, he will not smoke or drink alcoholic beverages.

Article 11 PROFESSIONAL BOXERS.

1.- GO TO PROFESSIONAL NATIONAL BOXERS

The pass to the category of Professional Boxer may be granted by the President of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION - GBF

A. The Pass to Professional, in this second case, will be subject to the restrictions deemed by the Amateur Boxing Committee (CBA), or, where appropriate, the Board of Directors of the GBF.

The maximum age for this will be 45 years. In the MASTER PROFESSIONAL category from 46 years old.

When submitting the application for your Pass to Professional, you must attach the documentation indicated in the REGULATIONS that have previously been approved by the National Assembly.

2.- APPROVALS AND LICENSE VISAS

For participation in Professional fights, licenses must be endorsed, prior to their issuance, by the GBF Professional Boxing Committee.

To participate in International competitions, they must be approved by the GBF.

3.- GO TO PROFESSIONAL FOREIGN BOXERS

Foreign Boxers who request their Professional Pass will request their license directly from the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION, informing the National Delegation in which they have established their residence.

The documentation to be sent will be the one indicated in the REGULATIONS approved by the National Assembly.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

4.- PARTICIPATION IN COMPETITIONS

In order for a Professional Boxer to validly take part in a Boxing EVENING, the following conditions must be met:

- a) Valid license for the current year. For NATIONAL and INTERNATIONAL combats, it must be approved by the GBF.
- b) If represented by a Manager, have signed an Empowerment Contract, under the conditions indicated in the REGULATIONS and, in all cases, the preparation contract with a Trainer.
- c) Travel Permit. This requirement will be required when the Boxer acts outside the boundaries of his National Delegation and for the performance of foreign boxers in any country.
- d) Not be sanctioned or suspended by the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION, by the National Delegation or by International organizations
- e) You will not be able to fight during the 28 days prior to the dispute of a National Title. No Boxer may perform a fight if a minimum period of thirteen days has not elapsed since his last fight and he is not currently undergoing any of the temporary suspensions due to loss before the limit or due to medical recommendation of rest, without having lost before the limit.

In special cases, the Professional Boxing Committee may authorize that a minimum period of seven days elapse since the last fight of a Boxer. Another of these special permits may not be granted until two months after the previous one and no more than four times a year, to the same Boxer.

Fighters and Coaches must show respect and deference towards the Federation Delegate, the Referee and other Officials on duty. They must refrain from making comments and discussions, always observing the rules of the most correct behavior and extending it to the spectators. Above the ring, they can talk quietly during breaks.

They may not question the Referee; If they have something to communicate, only the Coach should do so. They will promptly follow the orders issued by the Referee and listen with respect to his observations. Before the start of the fight, and at the end of it, each boxer will politely shake the hand of his opponent.

During the fight, any greeting, gesture or action is prohibited, the fight, and only this, being the sporting endeavor to be carried out.

The Referees must be attentive and reprimand the Boxer who greets his opponent during the round. And if necessary, warn by deducting points.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

5.- TRAINING

In training, a greater difference between the minimum and maximum weight in kilos than indicated will never be allowed. It is advisable to use the regulatory protectors during glove assaults (helmet, cup, genital protectors, etc.). It is the responsibility of the Trainers to supervise these training sessions and they must especially take into account the difference in category and weight that may exist between the Boxers, to allow these confrontations to take place.

Boxers who suffer a KO during training must rest in the same manner as if the KO had occurred in a fight. "The GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION will issue a report to the Coach who does not report the KO" so that the Sports Discipline Committee can impose the corresponding sanction.

Article 12 CATEGORIES OR SERIES

1.- CLASSIFICATION

Professional Boxers are classified into the following categories:

THIRD SERIES:

All Amateur Boxers who are authorized to move to the Professional field, except those who, due to their sporting history, go directly to the Second Series, as specified in the following section.

Those who descend from the Second Series, as specified in the following articles.

SECOND SERIES:

a) Amateur Boxers who have been authorized to move to the Professional field by the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION, and have obtained at least one medal in any of the following competitions, pass directly to this category:

- World Championships.
- Continental Championships.
- Intercontinental Championships.
- Having been proclaimed National Amateur Champion for two consecutive years or three alternate years.

b) Those who are promoted from the Third Series, as specified in the following articles.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

c) Those who descend from the First Series, as specified in the following articles.

FIRST SERIES:

a) Those who are proclaimed GBF National Champions or other International Titles.

b) Former National, European, World, Intercontinental Champions, etc., who have at least 50% victories in their last 8 fights.

c) Those who are promoted from the Second Series, as specified in the following articles.

2.- PROMOTIONS

They are promoted from Second to First Series and from Third to Second Series:

a) In the MINIMUM, MINI FLY, FLY, SUPER FLY, BOOSTER, SUPER BEAN, MEDIUM, SUPER MEDIUM, SEMI-HEAVY, CRUISER and HEAVY, Boxers who have performed in the category from which they come, a minimum of six fights with more than 50% victories, of which at least two must be achieved with Boxers of equal or higher category

b) In the rest of the FEATHER, SUPER FEATHER, LIGHT, SUPER LIGHT, WELTER, and SUPER WELTER weights, the Boxers who have performed in the category from which they come, a minimum of eight fights, with more than 50% of victories, with Boxers of equal or higher category In special cases, the Professional Boxing Committee may decide the promotion of a boxer who does not meet the previously stated requirements, if it deems it appropriate taking into account the category of the opponents with whom he has faced, brilliance of the fights carried out, demonstrated technical category and other concurrent circumstances.

VOID matches (ties) will be considered WINS for these purposes.

3.- DESCENTS

They descend from First to Second Series and from Second to Third Series:

a) In the MINIMUM, LIGHT FLY, FLY, SUPER FLY, BOOSTER, SUPER BANG, MEDIUM, SUPER MIDDLE, SEMI-HEAVY, CRUISER and HEAVY weights, Boxers who, in their category of origin, have a minimum of six fights with more than 50% defeats

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

b) In the rest of the weights, PEN. SUPER FEATHER, LIGHTWEIGHT, SUPERLIGHTWEIGHT, WELTER and SUPERWELTER, the Boxers who have performed in the category from which they come, a minimum of eight fights with more than 50% defeats

c) Those who have not fought for twelve months and without justification at the time the Semiannual Classification published by the GBF appears.

The Professional Boxing Committee may decide, in special cases, to maintain in its Series boxers who meet the objective circumstances mentioned above for their relegation, if it deems it appropriate, taking into account the development of the fights they have performed, the boxer's technical category and other concurrent circumstances.

Whenever we talk about 50% defeats, it must be with fighters of equal or lower category. To calculate combats, VOIDS will be considered VICTORIES.

The Classifications of the boxers by Series will be published by the Professional Boxing Committee on a semi-annual basis, in the months of January and July.

During the month prior to the publication of these publications, Boxers who represent themselves and Managers (Agents) who wish to have one or more of their Boxers classified in other weight categories, must notify the Boxing Committee in writing. Professional.

Article 13 Clashes

Only the following confrontations are allowed:

a) The THIRD SERIES, with Boxers classified in the same Series, and once the first four fights have been played, depending on the results, they may fight against Boxers from the SECOND SERIES

b) The SECOND SERIES with Boxers from the same Series or from the FIRST or of THIRD, if the latter have more than four fights with at least 50% victories. A boxer promoted from THIRD to SECOND SERIES will not be able to fight his first fight in this Series with a FIRST boxer.

c) Those from the FIRST SERIES, with Boxers from the same series or from the SECOND, if this one has already had more than two fights in the Second with Boxers from the same Series and at least 50% victories.

ALL POSSIBLE COMBINATIONS NOT CONTEMPLATED IN THE PREVIOUS PARAGRAPHS ARE COMPLETELY PROHIBITED.

The Professional Boxing Committee may deny authorization for a fight between

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

boxers from different Series if it considers that the difference in boxing quality between them is excessive.

Boxers belonging to the same Manager (Proxy) may compete in a fight if a National or International Title is at stake. Since it is not a Title, they must request authorization from the Professional Boxing Committee.

FIGHTS BETWEEN PROFESSIONAL BOXERS AND AMATEURS ARE TOTALLY PROHIBITED. MIXED FIGHTS BETWEEN MEN AND WOMEN ARE ALSO PROHIBITED.

Article 14 FEDERATIVE LICENSE

1.- LICENSE REQUEST

At the time of requesting the federative license, the applicant must have reached the age of majority to be able to legally and publicly practice the sport of Boxing. Otherwise, he must provide parental consent.

License will not be granted to anyone who has an organic or functional disease. Total deafness is incompatible with the granting of a license. Any person who is totally blind in one eye cannot be allowed to box either. The lowest degrees of visual acuity required are 5/10 for one eye and 1/10 for the other, with a normal visual field and myopia, if present, less than -4 diopters.

There will be no age limit for successive renewals, as long as the practice of Boxing is not interrupted, understood as participation in comparable fights, and the medical report is satisfactory. If this practice is interrupted for two consecutive years.

The boxer who ceases his activity for a period of two years or more and has not reached the age of 35 may renew his license if he undergoes a strict medical check that will determine whether or not he will reintegrate into boxing activity. He will not be able to fight until one month after the date of issue of the license, nor in another weight category than those specified below:

- a) The weight category corresponding to your previous license
- b) The immediately higher weight category
- c) The immediately lower weight category These conditions may be varied if the National Medical Commission authorizes it.

Professional Boxers are subject to the general discipline regime, Regulations

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

and Statutes of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION. The documentation to send to the GBF for approval. When requesting the license, they will be subjected to a Medical Examination by the Doctors of their National Delegation, who will complete the FEDERATIVE FORM, and these forms may also be issued by Official Centers, if possible specialized in Sports Medicine.

2.- SUSPENSION

Professional Boxers may be subject to temporary suspensions for the following reasons:

- a) By sanction imposed by the National Sports Discipline Committee
- b) For fighting both in the country of origin and abroad without the regulatory Travel Permits issued by the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION and the necessary medical documentation
- c) THE FIGHTER WHO LOSES A FIGHT BEFORE LIMIT, REGARDLESS OF THE REFEREE DECISION, WILL REMAIN INACTIVE FOR FOUR WEEKS 28 DAYS FOLLOWING THE DATE OF HIS DEFEAT, "EVEN IF THE DEFEAT IS BY DISQUALIFICATION"
- d) IF IT IS DEFEATED BEFORE THE LIMIT TWO (2) CONSECUTIVE TIMES, IT WILL REMAIN INACTIVE FOR A PERIOD OF EIGHT WEEKS 56 DAYS, COUNTING FROM THE SECOND DEFEAT

In these two cases, the GBF Medical Services will examine your history and decide the medical documentation to be sent through your National Delegation.

- e) If he is defeated by injury, he will not be able to act as long as he does not present the Registration from the Insurance Agency or similar entity, but if the healing is verified before the time established in the previous article, he must remain inactive for four weeks 28 days or eight weeks 56 days if it is the second consecutive defeat. Unless he is authorized to fight before these regulatory deadlines by the Doctor of his National Delegation
- f) The decisions of disqualification caused will be assimilated FOR ALL PURPOSES, to those of loss before the limit
- g) If, in the opinion of the Federation Doctors, a Boxer shows obvious signs of encephalopathy or other disabling injury during the course or after a fight, his license must be withdrawn until the Federation Medical Council issues the appropriate report., after having been subjected to an exhaustive examination, ruling whether the practice of Boxing can continue.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

PRECAUTIONARY SUSPENSION

Professional Boxers may lose their license:

- a) Those who suffer KO "out of combat" for three consecutive or four alternate times in six fights and those who have suffered ten consecutive defeats or fifteen alternate defeats in the twenty recently fought. Losses due to injury will not be taken into account for the above purposes.
- b) Those who, due to their physical condition, advise, according to the opinion of the National Medical Commission, which will inform the Professional Boxing Committee of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION, their termination as an active Boxer
- c) By sanction imposed by the National Sports Discipline Committee. Likewise, the Professional Boxing Committee may agree to the loss of the license of those Boxers:
 - From FIRST or SECOND SERIES, who have not boxed in a year.
 - From THIRD SERIES, who have not boxed in two years.

Article 15 RULES FOR PERFORMANCE ABROAD BY BOXERS WITH A NATIONAL LICENSE

All Professional boxers who are in possession of the federative license in force and therefore registered with the INSURANCE AGENCY or similar entity may request an Exit Permit abroad. These permits will be issued **ONLY BY THE GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (Professional Boxing Committee)**.

Through its National Delegation, the Manager of the interested party will present the Contracts for the fight to be carried out, if possible, at least seven days in advance of the date of the fight.

The Contracts presented must always be signed by the Manager of the Boxer for whom the permit to go abroad is interested.

These Contracts, which will be carried out by the Promoter, must indicate the agreed weight limit in kilos.

When requesting the Permit to Go Abroad for Boxers with a National License, it will be necessary to include in the request the verified history of the Boxer who is going to be faced, with the understanding that the permission granted is to face the holder of the history presented, It is not possible to change opponents without the prior permission of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

THIRD SERIES Boxers may only fight abroad in six rounds with Boxers of the same category.

They will have a minimum of five fights in their record and in their last three performances they will have to be victories. Void fights for this purpose will be considered as victories.

In special cases, the Professional Boxing Committee may authorize THIRD SERIES boxers who have not won in their last two performances to box abroad, provided that they have had a minimum of six fights and that the fight to be held is with a boxer of similar quality and personal record.

The SECOND SERIES will not be able to carry out fights of more than eight rounds and their opponents will not be of a higher category.

The FIRST SERIES will need special permission to perform against European, World or other International Champions, as well as with Boxers ranked in the top ten places on the International lists.

In any case, the Professional Boxing Committee will ultimately determine the granting or denial of said request to go abroad.

Although the Travel Permit is authorized by the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION, the boxer's Manager is obliged upon his return, once the fight has taken place, to deliver to his National Delegation, for sending to the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION, the regulatory form with the result of the fight and the signature of the Delegate of the organizing country.

Every Boxer with a Spanish license who is going to perform abroad must inexcusably carry the following documentation:

- a) Valid license approved by the GBF
- b) Travel Permit issued by the GBF
- c) Passport (or DNI for EU countries)
- d) Medical documentation required by the Delegations of the organizing countries
- e) Credential of the Insurance Company or similar entity.

Article 16 RULES FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF FOREIGN BOXERS RESIDENT IN ANOTHER COUNTRY

All foreign Professional Boxers who temporarily reside in another country may legalize their situation in order to possess the INTERNATIONAL LICENSE in the SPECIAL FOREIGN modality. To do this, they will present to the

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

Professional Boxing Committee the documentation indicated in the REGULATIONS approved by the Assembly.

Once this documentation has been reviewed by the Professional Boxing Committee, you will be provided with the INTERNATIONAL LICENSE, especially for foreigners residing in another country, and you will be registered for all purposes with the INSURANCE COMPANY or similar entity.

These Boxers will abide by the regulations of the country in which they reside both for their performance in the national territory and for Exit Permits abroad.

A NATIONAL OR FOREIGN Professional Boxer who signs with two or more Managers simultaneously will be expedited and until the National Sports Discipline Committee of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION rules on the matter, he will not be authorized to fight with a National license.

Article 17 COACHES, ASSISTANT COACHES AND MANAGERS

1.- COACH

A Trainer (Assistant or Trainer) is called a qualified Technician who trains and directs one or more boxers under his care in their competitions, accompanies them on the trips that their professional activity requires, especially in the locker room and in the ring. Trainers are those who, having completed the corresponding course, are in possession of the corresponding federation license.

The different categories, qualifications, income, classifications and obligations are regulated by the Regulations of the National Committee of Trainers.

The GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION will issue the following Coach Licenses:

- a) National Boxing Instructor
- b) Regional Boxing Instructor
- c) Boxing Monitor
- d) Instructor Assistant

According to the Regulations of the National Committee of Trainers, they may only train and sign Empowerment Contracts with Professional Boxers. In order for Trainers and Assistants to act validly in a Professional or Mixed Boxing evening, it is an essential requirement to be in possession of the appropriate federative license in force, which will last for ONE YEAR, from the date of issue.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

THE POSSESSION OF AN ACTIVE PROFESSIONAL BOXER'S LICENSE MAY BE COMPATIBLE WITH A TRAINER'S, MONITOR'S OR ASSISTANT'S LICENSE, REMAINING EXPRESSLY PROHIBITED THE DUPLICITY OF FUNCTIONS IN THE SAME EVENING. BUT BOTH LICENSES WILL BE INCOMPATIBLE WITH THOSE OF REFEREE/JUDGE.

The maximum number of Trainers and Assistants in a Professional bout and for a National Title, will not exceed three and in the Continental, World or other Championships, four. The Referee will know in each match who the Main Coach is, who will be responsible for the conduct of his Assistants. They must abide by the following rules:

1. Both the Coach and his Assistants must present clean and decent sports clothing. They must also wear sports shoes
2. The Head Coach is the only one who can penetrate inside the string that forms the ring during the minute of rest. The Referee will not allow the entrance to the television cameras, nor the access to the ring to any person other than the Assistants.
3. During the round, neither the Coach nor his Assistant may remain on the ring platform. Ten seconds before the start of the round and at the voice of "seconds out" pronounced by the Announcer, the Helpers will descend from it, and the Head Coach will do so when the bell or gong rings that begins the round. Seats, towels, buckets, etc. must have been removed from the platform. Repeated delay in these actions may lead to a warning and loss of points for the Boxer. They must be placed at their angle in the ring, so that they do not hinder the public's visibility.
4. The Trainer, on duty in the corner, must have a towel and/or a sponge for his Boxer. If the Head Coach wishes to remove his fighter during the round, he must throw the towel or sponge into the ring so that it can be seen by the Referee and the contestants. He will never throw in the towel or sponge when the Referee is counting the Boxer.

If he does so, the Referee will interrupt the count and give his Boxer the loser by TKO. If the Coach does not want his boxer to continue fighting after said count, he will throw in the towel after saying "box". If he wishes to make his fighter quit during the minute of rest between rounds, he must throw the towel or sponge when the bell rings announcing the beginning of the next round.
5. The Coach or his Assistants may not give any advice, help or encouragement to his participant during the course of the round. If a Coach or his Assistants violate the rules, the boxer may be reprimanded or disqualified. Any Trainer or

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

Assistant or any Manager who encourages or incites spectators, verbally or by signs, to give advice or encourage a fighter during an round may be cautioned by the Referee.

6. During the course of the fight, they will maintain strict silence from their corner and will abide in this regard by the authority of the Referee and respect the normative rules and those issued by the Federative Delegate. The inappropriate attitude of his Trainer or Assistants may result in the Boxer's disqualification.

THEY ARE SPECIFIC OBLIGATIONS OF THE COACHES AND HELPERS:

a) Appear with your Boxer at the Official Weigh-in, ensuring that he is within the established limits, carrying out a control weigh-in. At said weigh-in, the Trainer must present the required regulatory documentation.

b) Assist the fighters in the locker room and accompany them to the ring. They will ensure at all times the most exact compliance with the pre-combat details, that is, correct equipment for both (Trainer and Boxer), as well as the Assistants under their responsibility. Bandages, genital and mouth protectors, pectoral protector in fights between women, etc. Likewise, you will review in advance the necessary elements that you must have in the ring (gauze, water, cream, stool or seat for recovery between rounds, etc.)

The importance of a correct warm-up, nor of the psychological moral support that the Boxer needs in the moments prior to the fight must never be forgotten. At the end of it, and sportingly abiding by the result, whatever it may be, accompany him directly to the locker room with the greatest possible diligence and always giving him all the care he needs.

c) Monitor and intervene so that your Boxers observe discipline and good standards of conduct

d) Monitor and control that their fighters are not administered alcoholic, exciting or doping substances.

e) Maintain a correct and sporting attitude at all times, both with the opponents and with the Referees and Judges, with the Federations and with the general public.

f) The Boxing Coach, in all his categories, must always be an example and have correct ethical behavior. He must therefore always be disciplined and obedient to the rules of his Committee and the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION, as well as those of his National Delegation.

g) Refrain from entering the ring before the end of the round

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

h) Any infraction committed by a Coach or Assistant will be rigorously sanctioned, since it means that the older they are and the more experienced they are, the more important the offense becomes.

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE COACHES

Trainers must meet the following conditions:

- a) Being from the country or a foreigner with an official residence certificate, issued by the competent authorities
- b) Be of legal age and not suffer from a physical impediment that prevents the normal development of their functions.
- c) Be in possession of the corresponding GBF Qualification and federative license.

2.- COACH ASSISTANT

The person who collaborates with the Trainer is called an Assistant, both in the fighter's preparation and in his fights.

Assistants are those who, requesting and obtaining the corresponding federative license, meet the following conditions:

- a) Be from the country or foreigner
- b) Be of legal age and not suffer from a physical impediment that prevents the normal development of their functions.
- c) Be under the tutelage of a qualified Trainer.

The functions and obligations of the Assistant have already been specified in the previous section (COACHES).

3.- MANAGER

The Manager (formerly Agent) is the person who represents the Boxer with regard to his economic, material and sporting interests in his professional career, through a Power of Attorney Agreement signed with him.

The Manager is obliged to provide his pupil with the fights that correspond to his category, of which he will receive the percentage indicated in the Proposal Contract. He is also obliged to provide you with the necessary means for your physical, technical and specific preparation. If possible, he will accompany him on trips required by his professional activity and will be responsible, together with his Coach, for his sporting conduct.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

The characteristics that a Manager must have are the following:

- a) Be of legal age
- b) Be in possession of the corresponding federative license approved by GBF. The Manager license will be requested from the GBF. through the corresponding National Delegation, providing the documentation specified in the REGULATIONS approved in the Assembly.

The validity of the Manager license will be ONE YEAR, from the date of approval by the GBF

The Manager who also has a valid Coach license may carry out all the tasks indicated in the TRAINERS section. If he does not have said license, he must sign an ANNEX to the Empowerment Agreement with a qualified Trainer.

The Empowerment Contract and the Annex thereto between Manager and Trainer will conform to the models indicated on the final pages of these Regulations.

Article 18 PROMOTER.

1.- GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

A Promoter is considered to be any natural or legal person, public or private, who, for profit or not, organizes Boxing EVENINGS.

Sports Clubs or Public Limited Companies may also be eligible.

When a natural or legal person requests from the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION a PROMOTER license to organize Professional Boxing EVENINGS in any country. No person, entity or Club may organize Mixed or Professional Boxing EVENINGS without being in possession of the federative Promoter license.

This license also covers the organization of National, Continental, Intercontinental, World Titles or other International Titles.

The documentation necessary to obtain the Promoter license will be as indicated in the REGULATIONS approved by the Assembly.

The validity of the Promoter license will be UNTIL DECEMBER 31 OF THE YEAR IN WHICH IT IS ISSUED.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

2.- PROGRAMMING AND CONTRACTING

For all programming or hiring, Promoters must contact only the Manager of the fighter whose participation they wish to participate.

The conditions, competition, duration, fees, deposit, etc., will be stipulated each year by the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION and will be available to interested parties at the federation headquarters.

Professional Boxing may not be scheduled except by the Promoters or Clubs that are duly legalized, and in special cases by the GBF itself or by its National Delegations in those locations where there are no Promoters or when it comes to charity boxing EVENINGS. or official competitions that the Promoters or Clubs refuse to organize.

The GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION does not recognize any private commitment between Boxers, Managers, Trainers or Promoters.

The Promoters are responsible for the timely compliance with all their obligations towards those indicated, as well as towards the Referees and the federative authorities. They have the obligation to make available to the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION and the National Delegations, the places and accommodations corresponding to the specified Technical Zone.

The GBF, at the request of the Manager who requests it in writing, may require the Promoter to deposit the corresponding bags at the time of weighing.

Said deposit will be made in cash, a certified check or bank guarantee, to the person of the GBF Delegate, who will issue a certification proving that the amount has been deposited. If the Promoter does not comply with this requirement, the Boxer is released from all obligations and the contract will be considered void, breached by the Promoter, who must compensate the affected Boxer.

Every EVENING of Professional Boxing will consist of at least four bouts. MIXED meetings may also be held, and the program must include AT LEAST ONE COMBAT BETWEEN PROFESSIONALS.

The Promoter will request the appropriate authorization or Meeting Permit from the corresponding National Delegation, who will send it to the GBF at least seven days in advance when all fights are between Boxers from the country or licensed foreigners.

If foreign Boxers without a license from the country participate in the evening, the application must be in the GBF processed through its National Delegation

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

at least fifteen days in advance, so that the GBF can request the corresponding permit from the corresponding foreign Federation.

Together with the application, you must submit the complete EVENING program and the record of the foreign boxers who take part in it. The Promoters must provide, in efficient and hygienic conditions:

- a) The ring with accessory elements and materials and a stretcher, which will be placed under the ring, immediately after it has been set up.
- b) The gong, bell, electric bell, or electronic-acoustic system that signals assaults and breaks
- c) Gloves and bandages
- d) A table with sufficient space and seats for the Officials
- e) Tables with their seats for the different Judges
- f) Table located in the neutral corner "Referee's corner" for him and the doctors
- g) One (or preferably two) stopwatches
- h) Emergency first aid kit at the foot of the ring
- i) Adequate electrical installation and sound amplification connected to the speakers.
- j) Ambulance service
- k) The locker rooms, at least those for the boxers, must have adequate hygienic services or, at least, water in sufficient quantity. In the case of meetings with the participation of women, separate locker rooms must be provided to those of men.

The federal sanction to a Promoter does not exempt him from the obligations that he has previously contracted in Auctions of National, Continental, Intercontinental, World or other International Championships, whose commitments he will inevitably have to fulfill.

To safeguard the holding of the National and International Championships in order to participate in the Auctions, the Promoters must make a deposit, at the disposal of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION. This amount will be returned once the fight valid for the National or International Title has been carried out under the regulatory conditions.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

IF FOR CAUSES BEYOND THE PROMOTER, a boxing EVENING is suspended, with the Boxers already in the town where it was to be held, the Promoter will pay the travel and lodging expenses of the Boxers, Managers, Trainers and Referees not residing in the town. celebration and nothing to the locals. In this case, the Promoter may demand damages from the persons or entities responsible for such suspension.

WHEN A PUGILSTIC MEETING IS SUSPENDED FOR CAUSES ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PROMOTER, the PROMOTER will have to pay the travel and hotel expenses of all the people who have had to travel for it: Scheduled Boxers, Managers, Trainers, Referees and Officials. It will pay 75% of all Boxers' purses. As for the Referees and Officials, they will be paid all expenses and 75% of the fees.

Article 19 NATIONAL - INTERNATIONAL TITLES

The National Titles of each country, the National - International Champions who hold them, will receive a Champion belt, which they must display in the ring when they defend the Title.

All National Professional Boxing Titles or Qualifiers must be contested on the territory of the country of origin.

For the stake of his Title, the Champion will unreservedly accept the rules established in the different Regulations and subsequent provisions of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION.

It will be put into play before the Official Applicant designated by the Professional Boxing Committee of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION six months after obtaining the title as a maximum period, being able to make voluntary defenses within the indicated period with the limitations specified in the Regulations and always with the approval of the Professional Boxing Committee.

The Professional Boxing Committee of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION reserves the right to designate the Official Applicants for National Titles, within six or twelve months depending on the number of competitors available in each weight category or the merits of the competitors.

A Champion will lose his status as such when he is defeated by his Challenger (official or volunteer) in combat with the Title at stake. If the result was a Void (tie) or Technical Void, the Champion would retain his Title.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

When a fight for a National Title has taken place, the Professional Boxing Committee of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION will inform all National Delegations of the result of this fight, while simultaneously, the fight will be declared open, for a period of one month. receipt of challenges for the Title.

The Professional Boxing Committee will examine the various candidates within a period of fifteen days and at the end of the same, will determine who is the Official Applicant. At the same time, it will determine, among the rest of the challenges presented, the election of a substitute Applicant.

The challenges sent to the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION will always be made in the name of Boxers with "minimum Second Series category" and they must have a minimum of 70% victories in their last six fights.

Whenever a Title is vacant or in the event that it is not vacant and given the apparent equality of the Applicants in the opinion of the Professional Boxing Committee, it may order Official Qualifiers to fill the possible vacancy or designate the Official Applicant. In these Qualifiers, the total purse offered by the Promoter will be divided equally between the Applicants.

The deadlines established for the dispute of National Title bouts may not be modified except in exceptional cases and proven force majeure. The Promoter of a National Title who has obtained the contractual consent of the representatives of both fighters or is the winner of the Auction, may not assign his rights and obligations to another Promoter without the corresponding authorization from the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION.

The Champions of Spain or Official Aspirants, as well as the participants in Official Qualifiers, are prohibited from fighting for at least twenty-eight (28) days prior to a match for a Championship or Qualifier.

In any case and without the express and written consent of the Promoter who wins the Auction and the Official Applicant, no National Champion may make voluntary defenses of his/her Title, once the Auction has been awarded. The same prohibition affects the Official Aspirant to compete for another National Title, once an Auction to fight for a National Title has been closed.

If the Champion is defeated in the voluntary dispute of a Title, the winner will have to face the Official Aspirant within the deadlines that previously existed.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

If the Official Contender for a title is defeated in a NON-TITLE fight, his winner will replace him ex officio as long as this fight has taken place within the weight limits of the category for which he was named Official Contender.

The Applicant will be the first to enter the ring and in case the title is vacant, the one who is younger (the same procedure will be used in the official weigh-in).

If a Champion moves, due to any non-sporting circumstance, outside the national territory, he must communicate his postal address and subsequent changes to it if they occur, and return with sufficient time to defend his Title when required. If he did not meet these requirements he would lose ownership.

The results will be considered final and without appeal fifteen days after the fight and will form part of the contestants' record.

The GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION, by itself, at the request of a party, will decide on the matter during the period indicated here.

The boxer who is defeated in the dispute for a National Title may not be named as an Official Contender after said loss and therefore compete again for the National title unless the irregularity of the result of the previous combat or the equality of forces between the contenders so advise, and is approved by the Board of Directors of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION at the proposal of the Professional Boxing Committee. In any case, the defeated boxer will not be eligible for a voluntary putting the Title at stake or against him, if the Champion has not defended his Title before the Official Applicant appointed by the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION, unless he has given his consent or exists. lack of fighters in that weight who can opt for his appointment and with the approval of the Board of Directors of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION.

Loss of Champion or Challenger status may occur for the following reasons:

- a) Loss of the Title match
- b) Sanction in cases indicated in the corresponding place
- c) When in a NON-TITLE fight the Contender is defeated before the limit by KO or Technical KO, not motivated by wound or injury or if he is defeated on points, by a Boxer of the same weight category.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

In this case, the winner will replace him ex officio as Aspirant. If the defeat is against a Boxer of a lower weight category, it will give rise to the election of another Applicant by the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION.

d) When a Champion refuses to put his Title into play within the established deadlines. In this case he may not be accepted as a competitor for the National Title within a period of one year from the date of notification. The same will apply in the case of the Official Applicant.

e) When a Boxer is named Official Applicant or has won a European, World or other International Title, without prejudice to being named Preferred Applicant in the event that he did not get or lose the higher titles

f) When, in the opinion of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION, the Champion's poor moral, civil or sporting conduct so advises

g) When, as a consequence of an illness or any accident, he is in a physical condition that prevents him from fighting, within the statutory deadlines.

h) When at the Official Weighing they exceed the weight limit

In these different cases, the Substitute Applicant will face the Official Applicant or the Champion, depending on the fighter who has been deprived of his official status.

The National Titles will be disputed at a distance of ten rounds of three minutes in the fights between men and two minutes between women.

The Official Qualifiers, at a distance of eight rounds of three minutes and two minutes respectively.

The gloves to be used in National Titles and qualifiers will be new (unworn) and four complete sets (for eight hands) must be presented for control. All this as long as the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION has not officially approved a specific type of gloves.

THE COMBAT CONTRACTS OF EACH PARTICIPANT WILL BE EXTENDED IN EXEMPLARY QUINTUPLICATE and will be distributed as follows:

One for the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION; one for the National Delegation where the fight is held; one for the Promoter; one for the Manager and another for the participating fighter. These Contracts must be in the possession of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION for their approval with fifteen days prior to the date of the fight, even in the case of voluntary defenses

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

and will be sent through the regulatory channel, that is, through the National Delegation in which the fight will be held.

They will indicate the conditions agreed upon by the parties and will be signed by the Promoter, the Manager and the representative of the National Delegation. In the section "SPECIAL CLAUSES" it will be indicated: "Bout valid for the National Weight Title...". In order to avoid possible claims, the Contracts thus established must provide for eventual retransmission on television, radio, cinema, Internet or any other means of dissemination.

Article 20 SUBSTITUTE APPLICANT

After the designation of the Official Applicant, a Substitute Aspirant will be designated from among the Boxers who have already submitted their candidacy or among those whom the Professional Boxing Committee considers suitable for this purpose.

Upon expiration of the last deadlines, including a possible delay in the opinion of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION, the following procedure will be followed:

- a) If the Champion has not faced the Aspirant, for any reason attributable to him, he will be declared deprived of his Title and the fight for the vacant Title will be held between the First Aspirant and the Alternate Aspirant.
- b) If the First Contender, for any reason attributable to him, does not face the Champion, he will be declared deprived of being an aspirant and the fight for the Title will be played between the Champion and the Substitute Contender.

In the two aforementioned cases, the awarding of the fight will have an emergency procedure:

- ◆ 15 days to participate in the Auction.
- ◆ 30 days to carry out the fight.

The Professional Boxing Committee of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION will judge whether the defaulting Boxer (either the Champion or the Official Contender) is entitled to be qualified as a "Preferred Contender" for possible appointment after the Championship.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

Boxers dispossessed of the Spanish Champion Title or of being Official Aspirants will not be able to enjoy any National Title for one year, counting from the date on which they were dispossessed.

WHEN NEITHER CHAMPION NOR CONSUMPANT ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE NON-DISPUTE OF THE NATIONAL TITLE WITHIN THE TIME LIMITS ESTABLISHED BY THE PROFESSIONAL BOXING COMMITTEE

A final emergency procedure will be established as follows:

- 1) 15 days for free contracting
- 2) 15 more days of limit for submission of Auctions
- 3) 45 days maximum for the fight to be held, from the opening of envelopes for the awarding of the Auction.

If after these second deadlines the fight has not taken place, the Professional Boxing Committee will propose to the Governing Board of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION its mediation, summoning the parties (Promoter and respective Managers), to achieve an agreement. definitive.

Article 21 AUCTIONS.

Following the appointment of an Official Applicant and from that date, there will be a maximum of four months to dispute the Title (eight months in categories with a shortage of competitors); These four months will be subdivided in turn as follows:

- a) From the date of the appointment of the Official Applicant or Aspirants, They will give two months as the deadline for free contracting or the deadline for submitting Auctions, if free contracting has not occurred (double time for the aforementioned case of shortage of competitors).
- b) Once said period has expired without having presented Combat Contracts from both parties for the dispute of the Title, the Auction procedure will take place, opening the envelopes presented, on the last day of the period at 9 p.m.
- c) From the opening of the envelopes with the Auctions presented, a maximum of sixty days will be granted for the celebration of the fight. From the date of awarding of the Auction (or presentation of Contracts in the FREE CONTRACT modality), the Champion must count with the consent of the other parties (awarded Promoter and Applicant), for any voluntary defense, in addition to that of the Professional Boxing Committee.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

These dates and other conditions for the Auctions will be published in the corresponding CIRCULAR, which will be distributed by the GBF. to all National Delegations, to all Promoters and Managers affected

In special cases, the Professional Boxing Committee will establish shorter deadlines than those indicated above, also communicating it through the corresponding Circular.

If, from the date on which the lists of Official Applicants are made public, the Promoters reach an agreement with the Managers of those designated, regarding the purses and dates of the fight valid for the National title, it would not be necessary meet the deadlines of the dates indicated above.

In this case, a deposit will be delivered to the GBF, the amount of which will be established by the Assembly, in which case it will be returned to the Promoter once the Title has been disputed under the regulatory terms.

TOTAL, AMOUNT OF THE OFFER IF THE AUCTION HAS BEEN ARRIVED

It will be distributed as follows:

- ◆ 60% for the Champion
- ◆ 40% for the Official Applicant.

When there are two Applicants due to the Title being vacant, the 50% rule will be followed for each of the Applicants in the distribution of the purse.

In order to prevent a single Promoter from participating in the Auction, bidding an amount so low that it could be offensive to the moral value of a National Title.

The Professional Boxing Committee will apply in some cases a minimum starting limit of the Auction price.

Only Promoters and Professional Clubs that have a valid federation license may participate in the Auction, for the awarding of a Title.

Offers will be sent to the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION in a closed and sealed envelope, including the established deposit. This deposit can be included in the envelope: In cash, a certified check, proof of bank transfer or any other payment procedure.

THEY WILL BE SENT BY REGISTERED MAIL OR DELIVERED PERSONALLY TO THE GBF (in this case the corresponding

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

receipt of delivery of the offer). They must be at the GBF before the day and time indicated in the Circular. At least two (2) GBF Federation members appointed for this purpose and the Secretary or Administrative Officer of the Professional Boxing Committee must be present at the opening of the specifications. The Auction will be awarded to the highest bid, provided that:

- a) Exceed the bidding bases that may be established
- b) Meet the conditions and deadlines provided by the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION.

IF THE AUCTION BECOMES VACANT

BAGS OFFERS will be requested. These will be notified by the Professional Boxing Committee through a Circular addressed to all National Delegations, all Promoters and Professional Clubs and the Managers affected. Bag Offers must be addressed directly to the Professional Boxing Committee and will be made in a closed and sealed envelope. 15 days after these offers are requested, those that have been received will be opened by the Professional Boxing Committee, in the presence of at least two GBF Federation members designated for this purpose and the Secretary or Administrative Officer of the Committee, adjudicating the dispute of the fight the one that offers better economic conditions.

These offers will state the date of the fight, understanding that it will be within the deadlines established in the Circular in which the Applicants or Applicants for the Title were notified. If there are no Stock Offers, the call will be repeated. If the non-existence persists, the fight can be organized by the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION.

Any clause that does not go against what is regulated must be included in the Auction documents or in the Contract. Only what is agreed and written will oblige the parties to comply with it.

Article 22 POSTPONEMENT OF NATIONAL TITLES

In order for the fights valid for the National Titles to be contested within the regulatory period when an Official Applicant is designated, considering that the seriousness or respect for this rule benefits the National Boxing of each country, all the possibilities of postponements that may arise, as well as the solution to them.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

1.- POSTPONEMENT DUE TO THE PROMOTER

The Promoter can only postpone the final date of a National Title once and as long as it is accepted by the Professional Boxing Committee, which will set the final date after stating in writing the reasons that motivate it.

Once this possibility of postponement has been exhausted, no other can be admitted, for whatever reason, losing the Auction rights and having to indemnify both Boxers with 50% of their respective purses.

No Promoter may assign their rights and obligations to another Promoter, without the mandatory authorization of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION.

2.- POSTPONEMENT DUE TO THE CHAMPION OR APPLICANT

a) If any of those indicated is named Official or Unofficial Applicant for a Continental, World or other International Title:

1.- The nominee automatically loses his status as such and therefore the Auction is cancelled.

2.- The Applicant loses the status of being an applicant and therefore, the Auction is cancelled.

b) If one of the two, the Champion or the Applicant, alleges, once the Auction has been carried out, insurmountable difficulties to give the regulatory weight. In this case and to safeguard the interests of the Promoter, since the weight difficulty must be manifested before the Auction, the Boxer will be sanctioned for a period of ONE YEAR to dispute a national title and will not be able to be classified again within the category who has voluntarily left within one year

c) If it is due to illness or injury and prior provision of an Official Medical Certificate, signed with name, surname and Collegiate number, as well as your federation license number, if any:

1. The Champion will be granted a non-extendable maximum term of two months. If at the end of this period he continues without achieving medical fitness, he will lose his status as Champion and will be named Preferential Aspirant in the first proclamation of candidates.

2. The applicant will be granted a non-extendable maximum term of two (2) months. If at the end of this period you still have not reached medical fitness,

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

will lose his status as Aspirant and will not be granted the opportunity to aspire to the Official title again within a period of six months.

d) In the event that the economic conditions of the Auction do not interest you, you will be obliged to notify the Professional Boxing Committee in writing:

1.- The Champion will lose the Title once his decision has been communicated in writing. 2.- The Applicant would lose his Aspiration for the title once his decision has been communicated in writing.

Article 23 ADVERTISING AND RETRANSMISSIONS

Advertising is authorized in the field of Professional Boxing with the only limitations that it is not immoral, it is not propaganda of a political nature, nor of race or religion and above all, that it does not impede the normal development of the fight or the easy viewing of the himself by the public.

THE TELEVISION RETRANSMISSION, RADIATED OR DISSEMINATED BY ANY OTHER AUDIOVISUAL MEDIA OF PROFESSIONAL FIGHTS, must have the consent of the parties who will state it in the corresponding Combat Contracts, specifying whether said retransmission is included in the total bag or whether an additional amount corresponds. for the same.

In the cases of National Titles, the rights of said retransmission will be included in the Auction Offer itself.

Claims for publicity issues will never be a reason to refuse the fight, when nothing appears in the Contract in this regard. The Boxer cannot be forced to present advertising by the Promoter, if they have not previously agreed on the price for it. The boxer may always display advertising of his choice, except for limitations imposed by broadcasts. If there is no agreement to the contrary in the Contract, the payment he receives for it will mean extra income for the boxer.

When an affiliate participates in any type of advertising, spot, photo, drawing or engraving, filmed or radio sketch, Internet, etc., they can never attack the sporting essence of their profession or the moral values of the person. VIOLATIONS IN THIS MATTER WILL BE REASON FOR SANCTION.

CHAPTER III TECHNICAL REGULATIONS

Article 24 REGULATORY BLOWS

You have to hit with a tightly closed fist and with the part of the glove that covers the knuckles. It will be hit at any point on the front or sides of the opponent's body and always from the waist up, the waist being a horizontal line that joins the upper extremities of the iliac bones.

In fights between women, you cannot hit the pectoral area.

Article 25 ANTI-REGULATORY ACTIONS

The Boxer who does not respect the instructions and indications of the Referee or Fight Director acts in violation of the rules of Boxing in an unsportsmanlike manner. He may be, at the Referee's discretion, warned, reprimanded or disqualified without further notice. Only two warnings can be given in a fight to the same Boxer, the third infraction results in disqualification. A Referee may disqualify a Boxer without it being necessary to reach the third warning: It will always depend on the severity and intentionality of the foul committed.

The seriousness of the illegal blows are measured and are directly related to their danger or damage or their intentionality.

Each Boxer is responsible for his or her Coach's infractions from the corner. A Referee may, without stopping the fight, warn a Boxer, taking advantage of any opportunity that presents itself. If he proceeds to give a warning to a Boxer, he will stop the fight (Stop) and show the Judges and the Federation Table the foul committed, pointing out the offending Boxer.

The Referee must remember and keep in mind before issuing a warning, that this carries with it a penalty of ONE OR TWO POINTS in the score of the round and, therefore, it should not be done lightly.

THE FAULTS ARE THE FOLLOWING:

- a) Hitting or grabbing below the waist, tripping, kicking and hitting with the feet or knees, stepping on the opponent
- b) Strike with the head, shoulders, forearms, with the elbow, press the arm on the opponent's face and push the head back and forth.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

above the ropes.

c) Hitting with the open glove, with the inside of the glove, with the wrist or with the edge of the hand
d) Hitting the opponent's back and especially behind the head, on the back of the neck and hitting the kidneys

e) Hit by turning on itself (pivot)

f) Attacking while holding onto the ropes or making improper use of them.
Holding onto a rope with one hand while hitting it with the other

g) Lean on your opponent, struggle or push in the melee, trying to throw him to the ground during the same

h) Hitting an opponent when he is down or when he is getting up

i) Hold on to the opponent

j) Grab or hold the opponent's arm or head or enter by pushing the extended arm under the opponent's arm

k) Hold or hit at the same time or push and hit

l) Crouching below the level of the opponent's waist in a way that is dangerous for him

m) Carry out a passive defense, covering yourself double with your arms and not fighting or intentionally letting yourself fall to avoid the blow. Turn your back to the opposite

n) Uncommon offensive and aggressive manifestations during combat. The boxers will not be able to talk to each other during the fight, nor to the Referee, Judges, Trainers, etc.

o) Not obeying the words "STOP" or "BREAK", which respectively mean "stop" and "separate" without hitting. When a boxer holds another by one arm, the one who suffers the infraction may hit with his free fist, as long as the Referee does not order the "Break".

p) Hitting an opponent when part of his body is outside the ropes

q) Pretending to have been hit below the waist

r) Cover his face or eyes with the glove and hit him with the other

s) Extend one arm for a long period, preventing the rival from shortening distances

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

t) In combats between women, hit against the rival's protection. Repetition of this type of blow will receive the same treatment as the LOW BLOW in combat between men.

Article 26 NON-SCORING HITS

THE HITS MADE ARE NOT SCORED:

- a) When they violate any of the rules
- b) When hit with the side, heel, inside or with the glove open or in any other way than with the knuckle part of the closed glove
- c) The blows that reach the arms d) The blows that connect simply without the weight of the body or without the momentum of the shoulders..

Article 27 ARBITRATION VERDICTS

The decisions of the Referees and Judges are FINAL and WITHOUT APPEAL. The Federal Delegate may not, under any pretext, modify the decision, even if it were completely wrong.

THE DECISIONS WILL BE THE FOLLOWING:

- a) VICTORY BY POINTS - At the end of a fight, the Boxer to whom the majority of the Judges have given the victory, will be the winner.
- b) VICTORY BY ABANDONMENT - When a Boxer voluntarily retires, his opponent will be declared the winner by abandonment. A COACH who wishes to remove his fighter from the fight will throw the towel or sponge so that it is seen by the Referee and the contestants, but will never throw it when the Referee is counting. If he does so, the Referee will interrupt the count and the boxer will lose by Technical KO). The Coach must wait for the referee to give the "BOX" to throw in the towel. The abandonment must be caused by a cause that makes it impossible for the boxer to continue fighting.

The simulation of said cause MAY PRODUCE THE RETENTION OF THE BAG and will be reflected in the Results Report as UNJUSTIFIED ABANDONMENT.

- c) VICTORY BY KNOCK-OUT (VKO).- When a Boxer is knocked down and cannot continue boxing after the ten second count has elapsed if he is

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

on the ring floor or twenty seconds if he is outside the ring, his opponent will be declared the winner by KO

In the event of a double simultaneous KO, the result will be “TECHNICAL NULL” if it occurs during the first four (4) rounds, that is, before the beginning of the fifth (5th). If it occurs after the beginning of the fifth (5th) round, the decision will be according to the score up to that moment of each fighter.

d) VICTORY BY TECHNICAL KNOCK-OUT (VKOT).- If any of the following circumstances occur:

- 1.- When the Referee stops the fight due to technical or physical inferiority of one of the Boxers
- 2.- When the same Boxer receives three knockdown counts (KD) in one round.
- 3.- When a Boxer receives four knockdown counts (KD) in a fight
- 4.- When a Coach throws the towel or sponge, while the Referee is performing a knockdown count (KD)
- 5.- When the Referee stops the fight due to wound or injury to one of the Boxers during the course of the first four rounds.
- 6.- The same previous case, when the Referee demands the attention of the Doctor and he stops the fight

e) VICTORY BY TECHNICAL DECISION (VDT).- It will occur in the following cases:

- 1.- When after the end of the fourth (4th) round, that is, from the beginning of the fifth (5th) round, a wound or injury occurs BY HIT

REGULAR that prevented the continuation of the fight TO ONE OF THE PUGILES. In this case, the scores will be added including that of the assault in progress and VICTORY BY TECHNICAL DECISION will be declared to the one who has achieved the highest score.

- 2.- When, from the beginning of the fifth round, BOTH BOXERS are INVOLUNTARILY injured or injured, the same procedure as in the previous section would be followed.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

If the wound or injury that prevents the fight from continuing occurs during the first four (4) rounds (before the beginning of the fifth) by a REGULAR BLOW TO ONE OF THE PUGILES, the decision will be WINNER BY TECHNICAL KO (VKOT) injured. If this assumption occurs for both Boxers (INJURY OR INJURY TO BOTH), the decision will be that of TECHNICAL NULL (NT).

f) VICTORY BY DISQUALIFICATION - If a Boxer is disqualified, his opponent will be declared the winner by disqualification. IF THE DISQUALIFICATION IS CAUSED IN THE JUDGMENT OF THE REFEREE, he will indicate it in the Minutes and his subsequent period of inactivity will be equal to that considered as a loss before the limit.

If an injury or wound occurs during the first four rounds (before the beginning of the fifth) as a consequence of the IRREGULAR ACTION of a boxer and after these rounds, said wound or injury becomes aggravated, preventing the fight from continuing, the person responsible WOULD BE DISQUALIFIED.

If it occurs after the beginning of the FIFTH ASSAULT preventing the continuation of the fight, the offender will also be disqualified.

g) VOID BATTLE - Draw. When the Judges' decisions are equal, more cards appear with the word "VOID" or when three cards appear with different decisions

WHEN THIS RESULT OR THE TECHNICAL VOID OCCURS IN A QUALIFYING ELIMINATOR TO ACCESS THE DISPUTE OF A CHAMPIONSHIP, OR DISPUTING A TITLE BETWEEN TWO APPLICANTS, THE FIGHT WILL BE HELD AGAIN WITHIN A MAXIMUM PERIOD OF 60 DAYS.

h) TECHNICAL NULL -

1.- When during the first four rounds (before the beginning of the fifth), BOTH BOXERS are injured by a REGULAR HIT OR INVOLUNTARY ACTION that prevents them from continuing the fight. In this case, the decision will be TECHNICAL NULL

2.- When from the beginning of the fifth round, ONE OF THE FIGHTERS is injured and when going to score the cards the circumstance of NULL BATTLE occurs

i) NO ANSWER, FIGHT WITHOUT DECISION. - It may only be pronounced due to circumstances beyond the control of the Boxers, such as: Bad ring conditions, lack of light, adverse weather conditions, etc.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

TABLE FOR APPROVALS

INTERNATIONAL ACRONYMS	MEANING
W	Victory by points
TKO	Victory by forfeit
KO	Victory by KO
TKO	Victory by technical KO
TKO (I)	Victory by technical KO due to wound or injury
TKO (MI)	Victory by technical KO with medical intervention
T.W.	Victory by points after the 4th round due to involuntary injury to one or both fighters
WDSQ	Victory by disqualification
D	Null Combat
TD	Technical void: Tie produced by involuntary injury of one or both fighters up to and including the 4th round or the same case after the start of the 5th and the result was void due to score.
NC	No Contest: Suspension of the fight due to circumstances beyond the control of the fighters or due to disqualification of both
I	Loss by points
TKBY	Lost due to abandonment
KOBY	Loses out of combat
TKBY	Lost by technical KO
TKBY (I)	Loss due to technical KO, wound or injury
TKBY (MI)	Lost due to technical KO with medical intervention
TL	Loss on points after the 4th round due to involuntary injury to one or both fighters
LSKD	Loss due to disqualification

CLAIMS

Claims with adverse or non-compliant verdicts will be made before the Professional Boxing Committee of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION and within SEVEN DAYS FOLLOWING the date on which the verdict was produced. Only if it involves Championships or Official Qualifiers will it be transferred to the Governing Board of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION, whose decision will be final.

The claim will be made by the Manager of the dissatisfied boxer, with the visa of the Autonomous Federation to which he belongs.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

Claims are admitted due to erroneous application of the Regulations or lack of application thereof. The evaluations and criteria of Referees and Judges that are definitive are excluded. REVENGE MEETINGS WILL NOT BE ALLOWED and only in cases of very pronounced error in judgment, and after consulting the Federative Delegate, a new fight will be authorized.

Decisions made in Championship matches are considered approved by the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION within fifteen days, if this body does not issue an official statement against it.

CHAPTER IV DISCIPLINARY RULES

Article 28 INFRINGEMENTS

Any action or omission that contravenes the rules of the CURRENT STATUTES OR REGULATIONS or violates any fundamental principle of sports ethics constitutes infractions.

Article 29 LIFTING OF THE SANCTION OF THE COACH

In the case of a sanctioned Coach, his suspension may be lifted, exceptionally and temporarily, in the case of assistance to a pupil who disputes Continental or World Titles or other International Titles, and only for these cases determined by the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION and previous report of the National Sports Disciplinary Committee.

Article 30 LOSS OF THE CONDITION OF CHAMPION OR APPLICANT BY SANCTION

In the event that the suspension of a Boxer is for a period greater than SIX MONTHS, it will entail the loss of the Title or of the National or International candidate held by the affiliate, and may be named, at the end of the suspension, an Aspirant. Preference to the dispossessed Title, if the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION so deems it.

Article 31 ANTI-DOPING CONTROL

The GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION will regulate anti-doping control actions

A) Concept of Doping. - Administration of medications and/or substances, and/or manipulations that interfere with or modify sports performance or alter the health of the Athlete.

GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION (GBF)

B) Prohibited Medications

C) Cold water, ice, 1/1,000 adrenaline and Vaseline are only allowed at ringside, according to International regulations.

D) Sanctions. - Disciplinary sanctions are regulated by the Anti-Doping Regulations, which establishes the regime of infractions and sanctions for the repression of doping,

Article 32 DISCIPLINARY BODIES

They are disciplinary organizations:

a) The National Sports Discipline Committee

b) The Governing Board of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION. The competence of these organizations is specified in their Statutes and Regulations. The decisions made in disciplinary matters by the National Sports Disciplinary Committee may be appealed by the interested parties before the Governing Board of the GLOBAL BOXING FEDERATION, in writing addressed to the President of GBF.

This appeal will be filed through its National Delegation within a period of SEVEN DAYS after the ruling has been notified.